

# SpaceLogic SP90 PIBCV Actuators



## Product Description

Schneider Electric **SpaceLogic** SP90 PIBCV Actuators are high accuracy multi-function field bus actuators, specifically designed for use in combination with **SpaceLogic** PIBCV in sizes from DN 10...32. The **SpaceLogic** SP90 Actuator will control hot or chilled water for numerous HVAC equipment.

The high positional accuracy of the actuator, together with the accurate linear flow characteristic of the pressure independent **SpaceLogic** PIBCV valve, allow the SP90 Actuator to be used as a flow indicator. When the SP90 Actuator is connected to temperature sensors across a coil, the heat consumption will also be calculated.

Due to its fine accuracy, high functionality and field bus connectivity, this intelligent device combined with Schneider Electric EcoStruXure platform provides powerful engineering efficiency in the install and commissioning process.

## Setup and Operation

Operation efficiency of the plant and service life of the product can all be monitored and captured for maintenance needs. Coupled with the **SpaceLogic** PIBCV, optimal indoor air comfort is assured, as is the full realization for potential energy savings from reduction in the overflow of hot or chilled water- the SP90 Actuator will also know the heat energy going through the valve.

Setup of the SP90 actuator and valve parameters are made via fieldbus. Control is achieved via field bus or analog inputs.

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## Features

- Remote commissioning/Pre-set/Flush features.
- Flow indication.
- LED status.
- Auto MAC addressing for and intrinsic alarm reporting for BACnet.
- Auto baud rate detection.
- Valve blockage alarm.
- Broken wire detection on analog control and ground signal.
- Mis-wiring protection on any wire up to 30 V.
- BACnet MS/TP and Modbus RTU protocol support.

## Specialist Applications

In addition to a traditional valve actuator function, other specialist applications can be controlled with the SP90 Actuator:

### 6-Way Changeover Valve (not available in North America)

- Direct connection from SP90 Actuator into the MB10-24T-PLUG, a 6-Way actuator for change over between heating and cooling circuits in 4 pipe systems.
- The regulation of differing design flows for heating and cooling is managed within the SP90 Actuator.
- Only one device on the fieldbus network, no physical I/O needed
- Feedback on position status and alarms.
- 6-Way Changeover is also expandable into Energy valve control and Remote I/O.

### Energy Valve Application

- With the Energy functionality, the SP90 Actuator measures the supply and return temperature and internally calculates energy usage.
- The emitted power in Kw or BTU is known providing a heat map of hydronic energy useage.
- Delta T control can allow override of the flow control from the BMS to ensure maximum COP into the chiller or boiler.
- Power limitation mode can be enabled to limit power emission and save energy.

### Remote I/O

- The SP90 allows connection to other devices, e.g. room thermostat, window contact, CO2 sensor, humidity sensors, 0...10V fan control etc.
- Remote I/O functionality allows efficient wiring practices for devices located close to the actuator eliminating long cable runs to the controller.
- There is no local control; all sensor and I/O inputs are objects passed over the communication line to the controller.

## Specifications and Ordering

Part Number	SP90-24BMM
Power supply range	24 V ac/dc, ± 25%, 50 / 60 Hz
Power consumption	Operating: 2.7 VA @ 24 Vac / 1.2 W @ 24 Vdc Standby: 1.8 VA @ 24 Vac / 0.7 W @ 24 Vdc
Protection class	III safety extra-low voltage
Electrical connection	Pre-molded plug connector
Control signal	Digital BACnet MS/TR, Modbus RTU 0-10 VDC, 0-5 VDC, 2-10 VDC, 5-10 VDC, 2-6 VDC, 6-10 VDC, 0-20 mA, 4-20 mA
Impedance	Rin AI:0 >100 kΩ (V); 500 Ω (mA) Rout AO: 1500 Ω
Actuator speed selections (open to close) sec/mm	3, 6, 12, 24, Constant Time
Max. Stroke	7 mm (0.28")
Force	90 N
Positional accuracy	± 0.005 mm
Accuracy, Calculated Energy Usage	+/- 15%
Working Ambient temp. range	-10°...50 °C
Ambient humidity	98% r.h., non-condensing (according to EN 60730-1)
Max. medium temp.	120 °C (248 °F)
Storage temp. range	-40...70 °C (14...158 °F)
Grade of enclosure	IP54 (IP40 upside-down)
Weight	0.4 kg (0.88 lb)
Approvals	EMC Directive 2004/108/EC, EN 60730-2-14:1997, EN 60730-2-14/A1:2001, EN60730-1:2011 RoHS Directive 2016/863/EU
Application Software version	4.21...4.29
Firmware Version	2.10

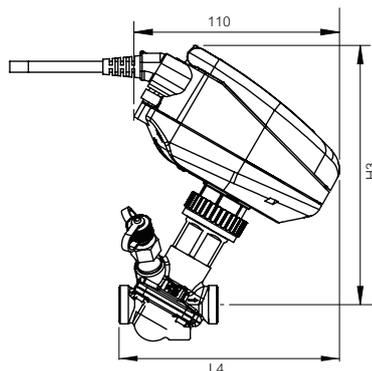
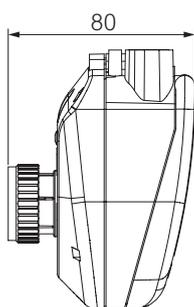
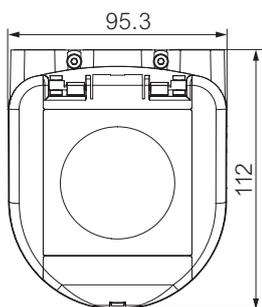
### BACnet Data

BACnet device profile	BACnet Application Specific Controller (B-ASC)
BACnet protocol	BACnet Master Slave / Token Passing (MS/TR)
BACnet baud rates supported	Auto baud rate detection / 9600 bps / 19200 bps / 38400 bps / 56700 bps / 76800 bps / 115200bps

### Modbus RTU Data

Supported baud rates	Auto baud rate detection / 9600 bps / 19200 bps / 38400 bps / 56700 bps / 76800 bps / 115200bps
Supported transmission modes	Parity: None (1-8-N-2) / Odd (1-8-O-1) / Even (1-8-E-1) / None (1-8-N-1) Data format: Parity (Start bit - Data bits - Parity - Stop bits)

## Dimensions



Type	L4	H3
DN10 (3/8")	118mm (4.65")	140mm (5.51")
DN15 (1/2")	125mm (4.92")	143mm (5.63")
DN20 (3/4")	133mm (5.24")	145mm (5.71")
DN25 (1")	148mm (5.83")	153mm (6.02")
DN32 (1 1/4")	166mm (6.54")	164mm (6.46")

## Ordering

### SP90 PIBCV Actuator

Description	Part No.
SP90, PIBCV Actuator	SP90-24BMM

### Cable Accessories\*

Type	Length (m)	Connections	Standard Cable <sup>1</sup>	Plenum Cable
Digital	1.5	bus & power	9114401500	9114401500P
	10.0		9114410000	9114410000P
Daisy chain	0.5	actuator to actuator	9114500500	9114500500P
	1.5		9114501500	9114501500P
	5		9114505000	9114505000P
Analogue + I/O	1.5	Multi-core free wire cable	9114601500	9114601500P
		PT1000 surface mount temp sensors	9114701500	9114701500P
Energy	1.5	PT1000 insertion probe temp sensors	9114801500	9114801500P
		PT1000 surface mount sensors, Power, 0...10V In and Out	9114901500 <sup>2</sup>	

\* Cables not included with actuator and must be ordered separately.

1 - Standard cable material is Halogen free; Energy cable is PVC.

2 - Available December 2021

### Accessory Pockets/Wells for Insertion Probe Sensors

Description	Brass Part No.	Stainless Steel Part No.
Immersion pocket, 50 mm, G1/2	9121040000	9121050000
Immersion pocket, 100 mm, G1/2	9121041000	9121051000
Immersion pocket, 150 mm, G1/2	9121042000	9121052000
Immersion pocket, 200 mm, G1/2	9121043000	9121053000

Note: 2 x Immersion Pockets/Wells required per device

### MB10 6-Way Change over Actuator<sup>2</sup>

Part No.	Description
MB10-24T-PLUG <sup>1</sup>	MB10 with plug for SP90
MB10-24T-ENGY <sup>1</sup>	MB10 with SP90 plug and Temp. sensors
MB10-24T-FLEX <sup>1</sup>	MB10 with flexible cable

1 - Basic change over actuator MB10-24T is not designed for connection with SP90

2 - Not available in North America.

### Applicable 6-Way Valves<sup>2</sup>

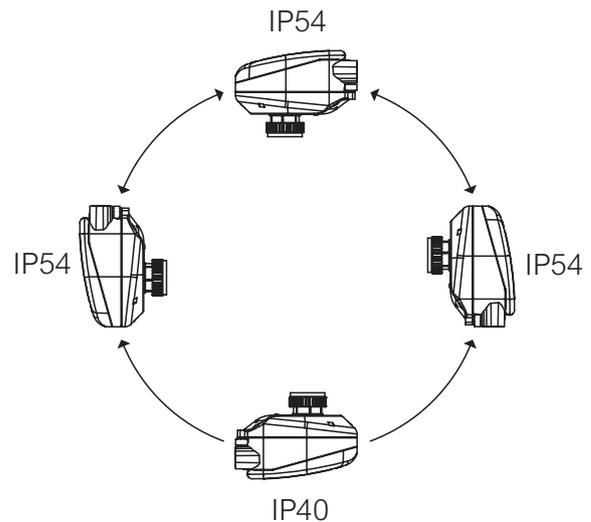
Part No.	Size	Kvs
VB601R-15B	DN15 / Rp 1/2	2.4
VB601R-20B	DN20 / Rp 3/4	4.0

2 - Not available in North America.

## Mounting and Mechanical View

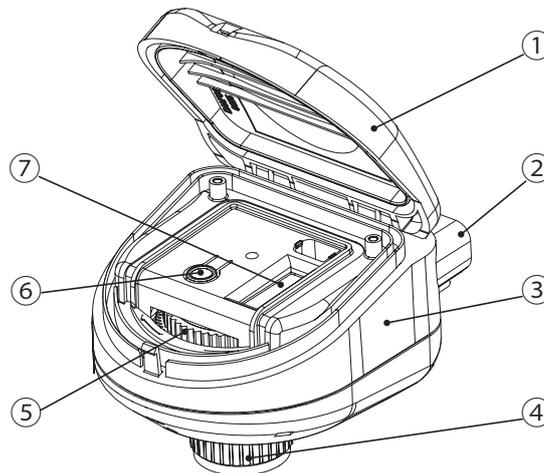
SP90 can be mounted in any position, however mounting orientation affects the IP classification.

NOTE: IP classification is only valid when cable or plugs are present in all connections. Setup of actuator and valve parameters is made via fieldbus.



### Design

1. Hinged lid
2. Bus and power connection
3. LED window
4. Locking ring
5. Manual override
6. Reset button
7. DIP switches



## Valve Presetting

Preset of flow is made electronically. Presetting on the valve is not used under normal operation.

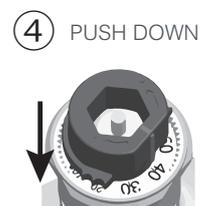
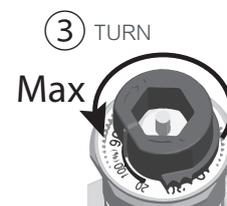
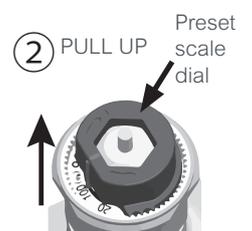
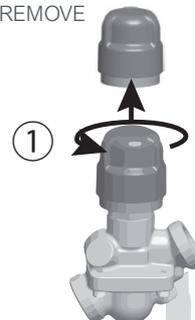
### Normal Operation

Leave valve at default factory preset (100%).

### High Flow Operation

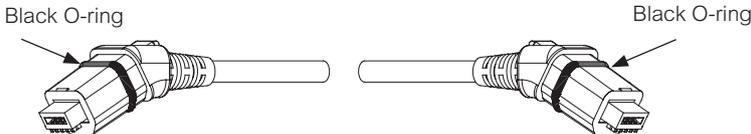
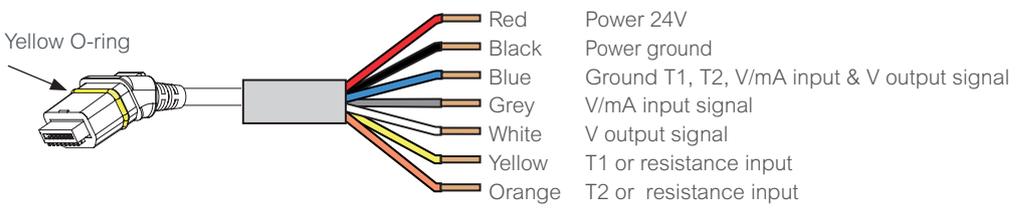
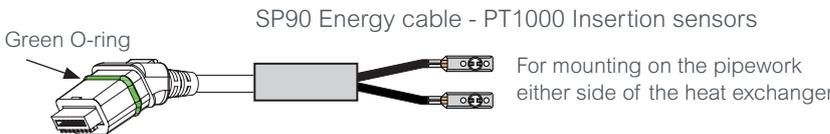
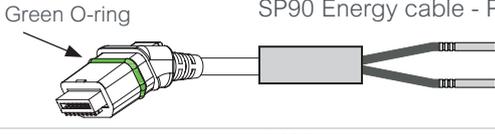
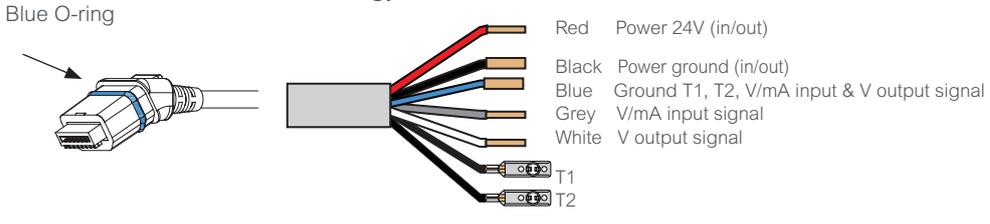
In order to achieve a more efficient flush and enable presetting of valve of more than 100% it is recommended to manually preset the valve to maximum flow. This is done by turning the preset scale counter-clockwise until it stops. See drawing. SP90 in high flow operation enables presetting of the valves DN10...20 up to 120% and DN 25...32 up to 110%.

UNSCREW AND REMOVE



## Cables and Connections

Various types of cables allow the connection of power and control to the actuator. Refer to the part number tables for cable lengths and ordering.

Digital Ports	
<p><b>SP90 Daisy Chain Cable</b></p> <p>The digital daisy chain cable is used to connect power and BACnet/Modbus RTU between two SP90 devices.</p>	 <p>Black O-ring</p> <p>Black O-ring</p>
<p><b>SP90 Digital Cable</b></p> <p>The digital cable is used to connect SP90 to other BACnet/Modbus RTU devices.</p>	 <p>White O-ring</p> <p>Red Power</p> <p>Black Common ground for power and bus signal wire</p> <p>Green '+' non-inverting signal wire</p> <p>Green/White '-' inverting signal wire</p>
Multifunction Ports	
<p><b>SP90 Analogue + I/O Cable</b></p> <p>The analog cable is used to connect power and analog control signal. The analog cable can also be used as a voltage booster for SP90 on the network. The "Power ground" and "Analog input ground" should be connected to the same ground on the Controller.</p>	 <p>Yellow O-ring</p> <p>Red Power 24V</p> <p>Black Power ground</p> <p>Blue Ground T1, T2, V/mA input &amp; V output signal</p> <p>Grey V/mA input signal</p> <p>White V output signal</p> <p>Yellow T1 or resistance input</p> <p>Orange T2 or resistance input</p>
<p><b>Cable SP90 Energy with PT1000 Surface Sensor</b></p>	<p>SP90 Energy cable - PT1000 Insertion sensors</p>  <p>Green O-ring</p> <p>For mounting on the pipework either side of the heat exchanger</p>
<p><b>Cable SP90 Energy with PT1000 Insertion Temperature Sensor</b></p>	<p>SP90 Energy cable - PT1000 immersed sensors</p>  <p>Green O-ring</p>
<p><b>SP90 Energy cable with PT1000 surface sensor, power and the 0...10 Vdc I/O connections.</b></p> <p>* Available December 2021</p>	<p>SP90 Energy cable with PT1000 surface sensor</p>  <p>Blue O-ring</p> <p>Red Power 24V (in/out)</p> <p>Black Power ground (in/out)</p> <p>Blue Ground T1, T2, V/mA input &amp; V output signal</p> <p>Grey V/mA input signal</p> <p>White V output signal</p> <p>T1</p> <p>T2</p> <p>Required when the room controller only has a 0...10V output signal for the valve position, allowing the flow and energy analytics are monitored over field-bus via daisy chain to an automation server.</p>
 <p>To avoid electrical short-circuiting, ensure that loose cable ends have been connected or isolated before inserting the plug-in connector to the SP90 actuator.</p>	

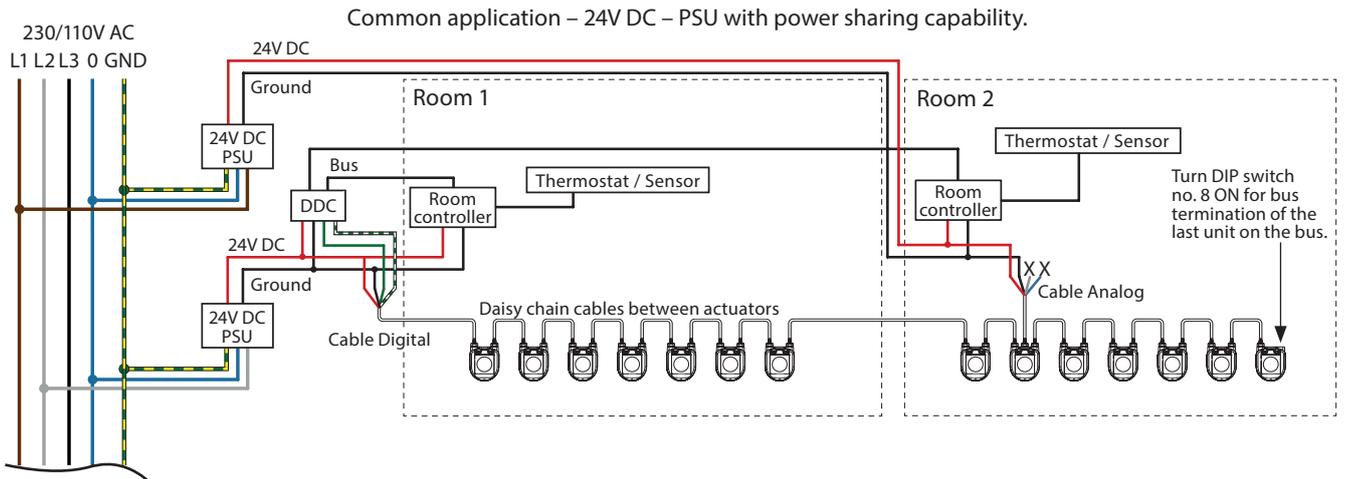
## Wiring Considerations

Important factors are:

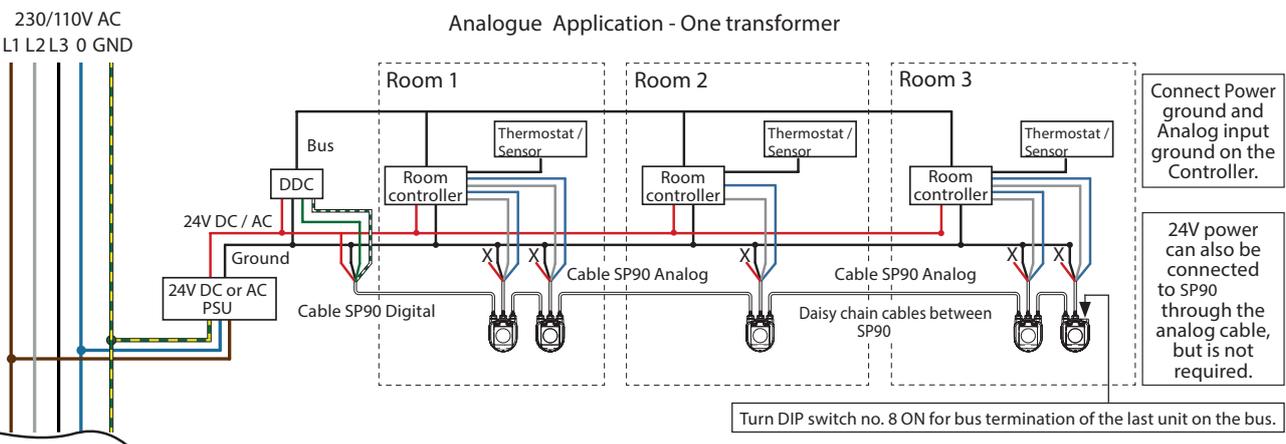
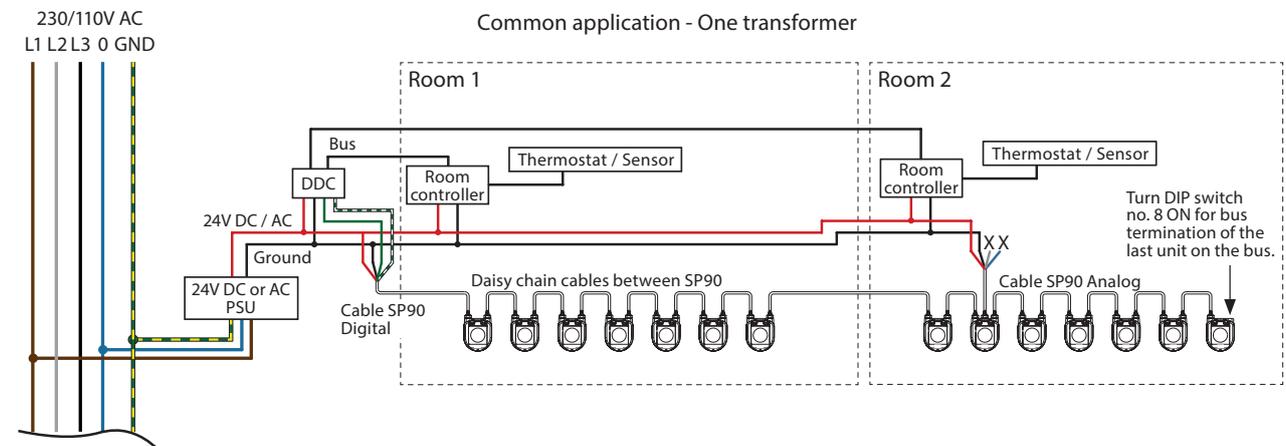
- Common ground
- 24 Vdc power supply is recommended
- In case 24 Vac power supply is used, always separate the 24 Vac power supply's if different power supply's are used and / or different phases are used.

### Wiring With Vdc Power Supply

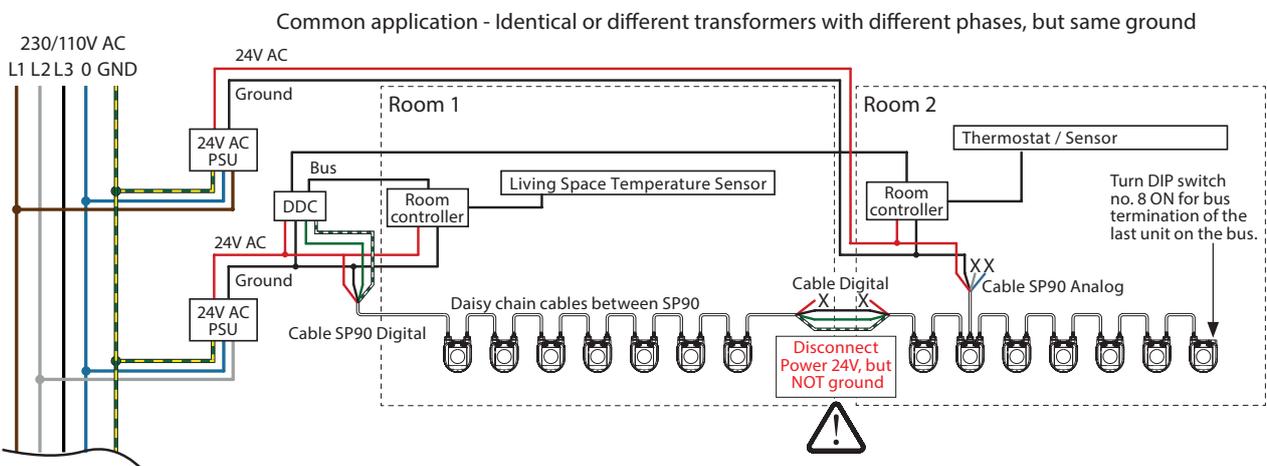
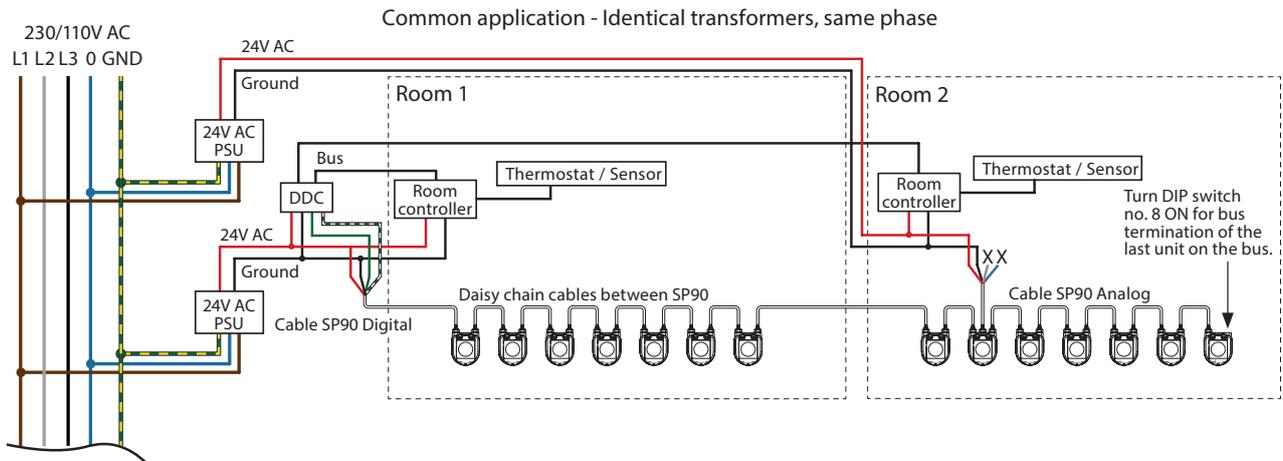
(recommended solution)



### Wiring with DC or AC power supply



### Wiring with AC power supply



Wires that ends in an "X" must be properly terminated.

### Daisy Chain Wiring

#### DC Power supply (recommended)

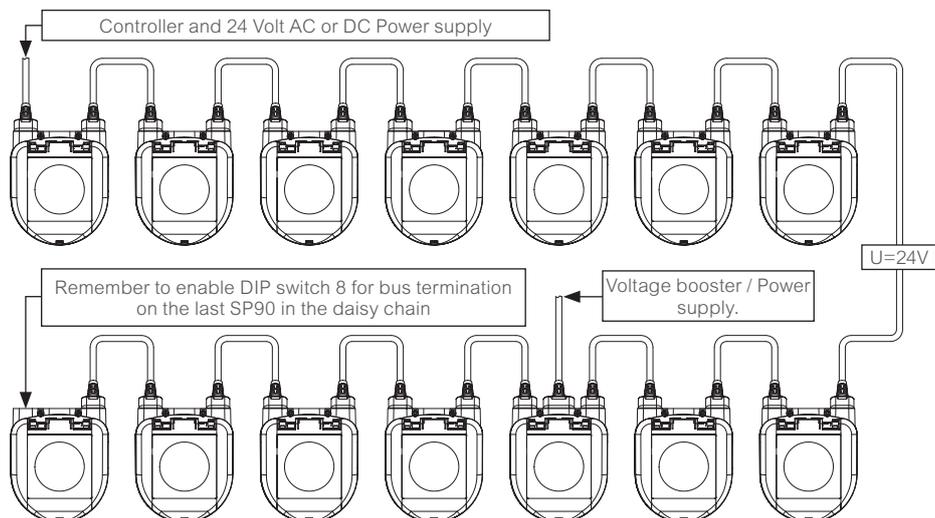
When daisy chaining with 10m SP90 cables and using a 24V DC power supply, additional voltage boosters/power supply is needed when 11 SP90s in series is exceeded. See table below.

#### AC Power supply

When daisy chaining with 10m SP90 cables and using a 24V AC power supply, additional voltage boosters/power supply is needed when 7 SP90s in series is exceeded. See table below.

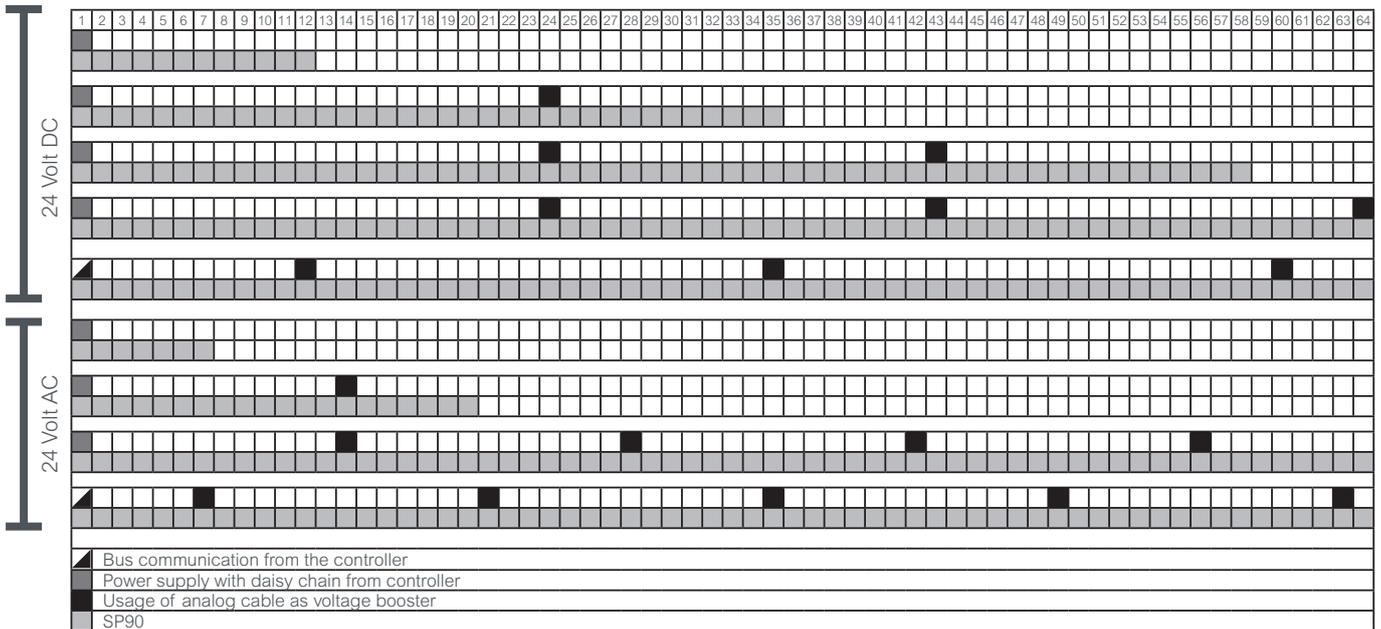
Important: The power supply used must be able to deliver 60% more power than the nominal rating of SP90.

Use daisy chain connection for SP90.



### Quantity of SP90 Devices

When all devices on the sub-network are SP90, refer to the examples below for guidance of when to have a power boost within the daisy chain network. Note there is an industry limitation of 32 devices per segment, additional devices can be accommodated by the use of RS-485 repeaters.



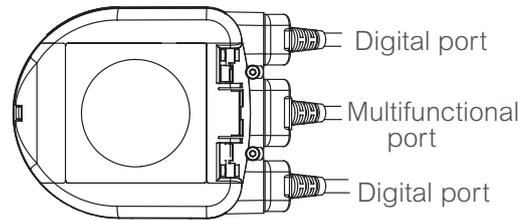
**NOTE:** If the SP90 network is supplied with two or more AC power boosters, caution must be observed when disconnecting one of the transformers from the high voltage power line. As the SP90 are connected in a daisy chain, there may be high voltage on the primary side of the disconnected power supply. Disconnect always both the primary and secondary side of the transformer. The power boosters must be protected against overload, otherwise the power booster may be damaged if one of the other power boosters in the network is disconnected.

### Wiring and Cable Types

- The wiring of BACnet MS/TP (RS485) must be carried out in accordance with applicable standard ANSI/TIA/EIA-485-A-1998.
- **Galvanic separation shall be provided for segments crossing buildings.**
- **Common ground shall be used for all devices on the same network inclusive router, gateways etc.**
- All BACnet bus connections in the cables are made with twisted wires.

The cable type used for analog, digital and I/O cables is AWG22/0.32mm<sup>2</sup>. If other cables are used to extend the length, always use twisted pair wire for bus signal and include ground for the bus signal. The recommended cable type is AWG22/0.32 mm<sup>2</sup>. If used for longer distances please use a AWG20/0.5mm<sup>2</sup> or AWG18/0.75mm<sup>2</sup> cable.

The cable's impedance characteristic shall be between 100-130Ω. The capacitance between conductors shall be less than 100 pf per meter.



The length of the cables influence on the communication speed. Longer cable lengths should result in lower baud rates. The total maximum cable length allowed per network is 1200m. Use a minimum 20 cm distance between 110V/230V/400V power line cables and bus cables.

SP90 has mis-wiring protection on up to 30 V AC/DC on all wires, but be aware that if 30V AC are connected to the Analog input, the external power supply will see this as a short circuit and blow the fuse in the external power supply.

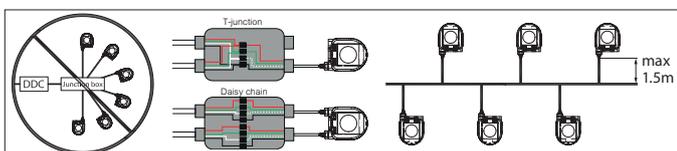
Star topology is not recommended according to the RS485 standard and should not be used with SP90.

#### T-junction connections (stub lines)

These are not recommended but in the event T-junction connections are used, Schneider Electric accepts no responsibility and it is advised to never exceed the following limitations:

- max T-junction cable length 1.5m (shortest standard digital cable)
- total length of Network max 640m (+ 100m stub length)
- max baud rate 76 kb/s<sup>1)</sup>
- max number of devices on network 64<sup>1)</sup>
- main cable should be standard RS485 bus, twisted pair, min thickness AWG 22

1 - When using less than 32 devices you may attempt to raise the speed to 115 kb/s.



If the supply voltage to the first device in the daisy chain is lower than 24V AC/DC, or long thin cables other than SP90 cables are

used, then the quantity of devices in the daisy chain may have to be reduced.

The recommended maximum quantities of SP90 are 64 pcs in one daisy chain connection but note there is an industry limitation of 32 devices per segment; additional devices can be accommodated by the use of RS-485 repeaters, to ensure sufficient network speed. Schneider Electric recommends that SP90 should be used on its own sub-network for optimal performance.

#### General requirements:

- Use Schneider Electric daisy chain cable to connect two SP90 devices.
- Use Schneider Electric digital cable to connect SP90 with another BACnet device.
- The current in cables should not exceed 3 amps at 30°C.
- Use the termination resistor (DIP switch 8) at the end of daisy chain.
- Use Schneider Electric analog cables as voltage boosters to increase voltage.
- Generally, the same type of power supply is preferred.
- If two power supplies are used, they must have the same polarity and the same common ground.
- A common ground must be used for all devices on the same sub-network, including routers and gateways.
- Galvanic separation shall be provided for segments crossing buildings.
- Connect Power ground and Analog input ground on the Controller.
- Total maximum cable length of sub-network 1200m.

### Optimize BACnet Network Speed: Reducing Unnecessary PollforMaster Traffic

#### Setting for the last SP90 in the daisy chain:

The MAX\_MASTER setting in SP90 shall be set to the number of devices (or the highest used MAC address) in the MS/TP sub network. The MAX\_MASTER property is found in the Device object and has a default value of 127. It should be noted that the MAX\_MASTER property value should be adjusted accordingly at a later stage if more devices are added to the network and/or the highest MAC address exceeds the MAX\_MASTER property value.

Before MAX\_MASTER can be set it is needed to ensure all devices are within the MAX\_MASTER value. If MAX:MASTER is set to 20 communication will not work with a device, which uses MAC address 22, even though e.g. MAC address 15 is not used.

### Allocating Correct INFO\_FRAMES

#### Setting for Controller:

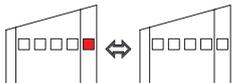
Network Routers and Controller devices that transport traffic in the MS/TP network require a higher number of INFO\_FRAMES than SP90. Therefore, these devices should have a higher value than SP90 e.g. A general rule of thumb for the sub network router's MAX\_INFO\_FRAMES property value is equal to the amount of MS/TP devices in the router's sub network. The MAX\_INFO\_FRAMES property is found in the Device object of MS/TP devices. SP90's default MAX\_INFO\_FRAMES value is 1.

### LED Display

#### BACnet/Modbus RTU (RS485) activity

	<p><b>BACnet/Modbus RTU (RS485) activity</b>                      No light from LED: Actuator sees no activity on the network                      LED turn on and off quickly, 10x/second: Normal operation on the network communication is OK.                      LED turn on and off slowly with green light, 3x/second: Normal operation on the network - communication over longer time directly with this actuator.</p>
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#### Position of valve/ actuator

	<p><b>BACnet/Modbus RTU (RS485) activity with ERRORS</b>                      LED turns on and off slowly, 3x/second, with RED color: Actuator sees activity, but with errors.                      LED turn on and off quickly, 10x/second, with RED color: Communication is OK, EXCEPT that another device may be using the same MAC address.</p>
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	PIBCV valve is fully closed.
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	PIBCV is 1-24% open.
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	PIBCV is 25-49% open.
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	PIBCV is 50-74% open
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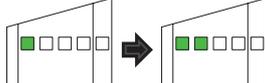
	PIBCV is 75-99% open.
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	PIBCV valve is fully open.
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	<p>Flush is active                      All LEDs turns on/off with specific period.</p>
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#### Movement of valve/actuator

	<p>SP90 is closing the valve                      All green LEDs are turned ON, then turned OFF one at the time (repeatedly).</p>
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	<p>SP90 is opening the valve                      All green LEDs are turned OFF, then turned ON one at the time (repeatedly).</p>
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Information from actuator

	SP90 is calibrating Green light moves forward and backwards, one by one.
	De-air is active Yellow LEDs are turned ON one by one, then turned OFF one by one (repeatedly).
	Blinking function, all green LEDs turns on/off. Used to physically identify individual actuator on the bus.
	Error during closing Debris might be trapped under the PIBCV valve cone. Flushing may solve the problem.
	Temperature inside SP90 is out of the recommended range LEDs change between showing the alarms and showing normal operation. Ambient temperature has likely exceeded 60°C.
	Internal SP90 error. LEDs change between showing the alarms and showing normal between operation. Try: A: Re-calibrate. B: Turn power off and on. C: If the error does not disappear actuator replacement can be necessary.
	Error during SP90 calibration LEDs change between showing the alarms and showing normal operation. Verify if the SP90 is correctly attached to the valve and recalibrate.
	Power supply is outside limits LEDs change between showing the alarms and showing normal operation. Use analog cables as voltage booster.
	No Control Signal In analog mode is it detected that the control wire is broken. In digital mode is it detected that there has been no update of the Flow Rate Setpoint for more than the specified time in AV:3 (Control fall back timeout).
	The MB10 actuator is in manual override or unable to reach position.

LEDs change between showing the alarms and showing normal operation.

Pressing the reset button during normal operation

	<p>Calibration/Reset/Flush Press reset button. All LED's are turned off. Keep pressing the reset button for</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1 second: 1 LED ON</li> <li>2 seconds: 2 LEDs ON = Start calibration (Reset).</li> <li>3 seconds: 3 LEDs ON</li> <li>4 seconds: 4 LEDs ON = Start flushing.</li> <li>5 seconds or more = Return to normal operation.</li> </ul>
	<p>Factory reset - reset to default settings Press and hold the reset button and then power up the actuator, all LED's are initially turned off. Keep pressing the reset button until 4 LED's are turned on = Reset to default settings.</p> <p>When factory reset is performed it is shown by: 1 short flash with all yellow position LED's. Note that after factory reset a calibration will be automatically be performed and all settings are reverted to factory settings.</p>

## Specialist Applications

In addition to a traditional 2-port PIBCValve actuator function, other specialist applications are available with the SP90:

- Application #1: 6-Way Valve (Three variants)
- Application #2: Energy Valve Application
- Application #3: Remote I/O

### Specialist Application #1

## 6-Way Valve (not available in North America)

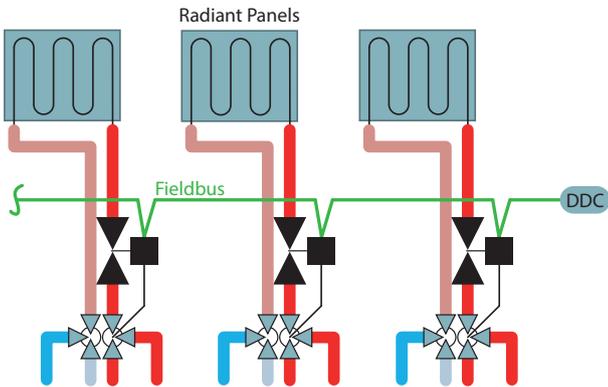
1a. 6-way change over valve application - Direct connection from SP90 into 6-Way actuator for change over between heating and cooling circuits in 4-pipe systems. The 6 way change over valve application can also have expansion into Energy Valve control and Remote I/O. Further details of these are covered in the specialist applications 2 and 3.

1b. 6-Way change over valve with energy control - Utilizing Supply and return temperature measurement for calculation and control of energy usage.

1c. 6-Way change over valve with Remote I/O Connection - Connection to other devices, e.g. room thermostat, window contact, CO2 sensor, humidity sensors, 0-10 V fan control etc.

### 1a. 6-Way Change Over Valve

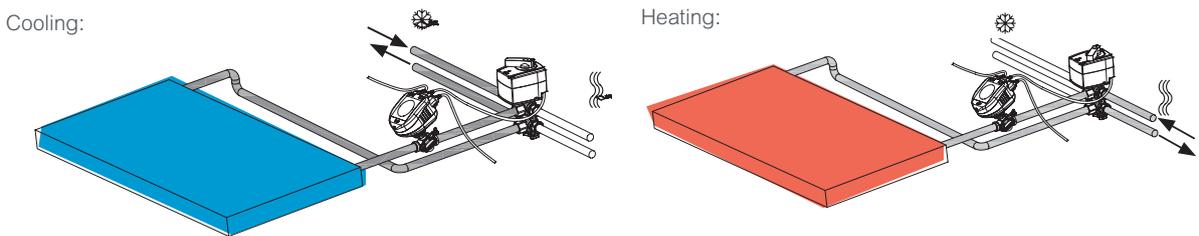
In the standard 6-way application, the SP90 will connect to the change over actuator MB10T-24T-PLUG from the middle multi-function port. The SP90 is configured for the differing heating and cooling flows, the MB10T-24T-PLUG actuator will provide the change over on the 6-way valve.



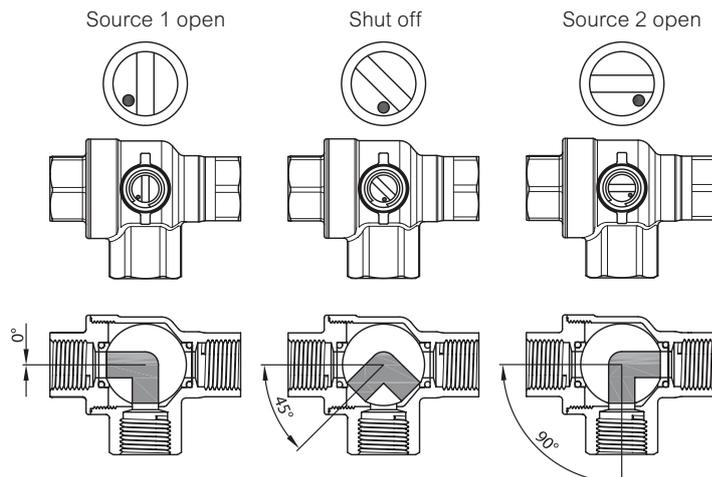
Setup

Object / Register	Write/read value	Description
MSV:9 / 32810	6-Way mode	While in 6-Way mode, the SP90 provides a 0...10V output signals for controlling the MB10-24T-PLUG 6-port valve actuator
MSV:3 / 32802	Valve type	ISO valve selected = l/h, °C, kW and kg/m3.
AV:30 / 32796	400	Design flow setting of Heating e.g. 400 l/h
AV:31 / 32798	250	Design flow setting of Cooling e.g. 250 l/h

The VB601R is a 6-port valve with a rotary actuator that switches the flow between heating and cooling. A pressure independent balancing and control valve with the SP90 an actuator is used to balance the system and modulate the flow. Both the SP90 and the MB10-24T-PLUG, MB10-24T-ENGY, MB10-24T-FLEX actuator are represented on the fieldbus network and need no physical I/O for control.



### No mixing and shut off

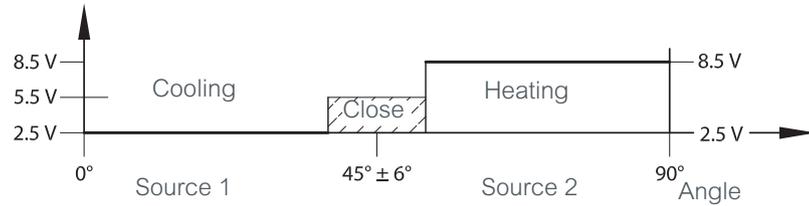


### Signals from SP90 to MB10 6-Way Actuator

Normally cooling is connected to port 1 and 4 of the VB601R valve and heating to port 5 and 6. If that is not possible, then this may be switched and Inverted change over mode must be selected.

SP90 and the MB10 6-Way actuators communicate with 0...10V voltage signals for control and feedback. Whole functionality is available by using simple bus commands. For easier technical understanding, please see below detailed explanation of the communication between SP90 and the MB10 6-Way Change Over Actuator.

#### 6-Way Direct mode

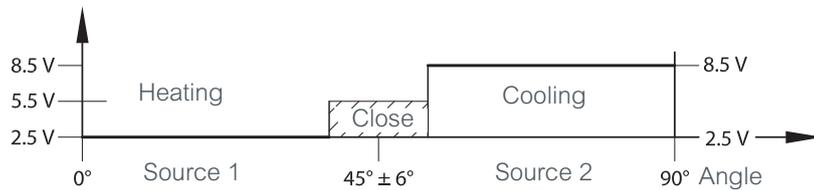


Cooling connected to port 1 and 4

Heating connected to port 5 and 6

### Feedback from MB10 to SP90

#### 6-Way Direct Inverted mode



Heating connected to port 1 and 4

Cooling connected to port 5 and 6

### Signal from SP90 to MB10 6-way change over Actuator

	Stop the motor	Cooling	Shut-off	Heating
Direct mode	1.0 V	2.5 V	5.5 V	8.5 V
Inverted mode	1.0 V	8.5 V	5.5 V	2.5 V

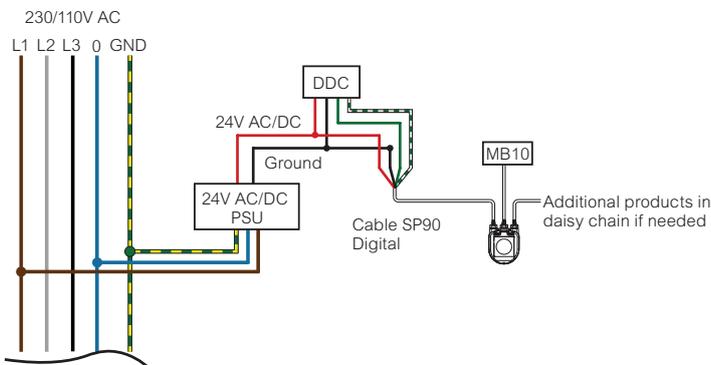
### Feedback signal from the MB10 6-way change over Actuator to SP90

Unable to move	Cooling	Moving direction: Cooling to Heating	Shut-off	Moving direction: Heating to Cooling	Heating
1.0 V	2.5 V	4.0	5.5 V	7.0 V	8.5 V

Anti-sticking requirements:

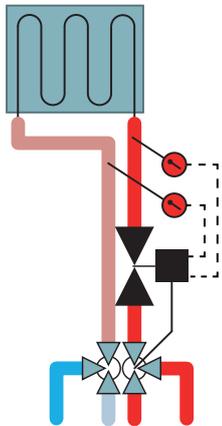
To reduce the risk of the ball valve sticking due to water quality, the valve must be partially rotated at least every 7 days. This is a factory default setting and is handled by the object MSV:11 / register 32812.

### Wiring: 6-Way change over



### 1b. 6-Way change over valve with Energy Functionality

The 6-Way change over application can be extended to capture and control energy usage, With this application the SP90 will connect to the MB10T-24T-ENGY from the middle multi-function port. The connecting lead from the MB10-24T-ENGY also has strap on pipe temperature sensors that are used to measure the temperature drop across the coil and the energy usage is calculated from the valves flow rate. Also refer to *“Specialist Application #2” on page 13.*



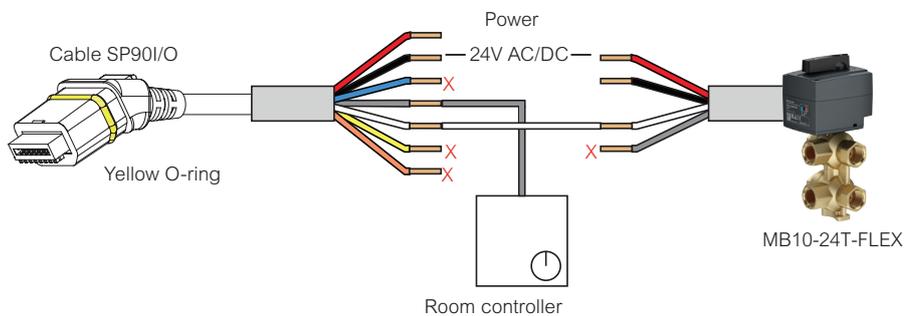
Setup

Object /Register	Write/read value	Description
MSV:9 / 32810	6-Way mode	While in 6-Way mode, the 0...10V input and output signals are used purely for controlling the 6-port valve actuator
AV:32 / 33288	Power emission	Calculates energy based on values from flow feedback (AV:2) and temperature (AI:1 and AI:2)
MSV:3 / 32802	Valve type	ISO valve selected = l/h, °C , kW and kg/m³.
AI:1 / 33218	Temperature	Select between temperature units or ohms
AI:2 / 33220	Temperature	Select between temperature units or ohms
AV:30 / 32796	400	Design flow setting of Heating e.g. 400 l/h
AV:31 / 32798	250	Design flow setting of Cooling e.g. 250 l/h

### 1c. 6-Way change over valve with Remote I/O

The MB10-24T-FLEX allows the 6-Way valve solution to be connected to other devices, such as room thermostats, humidity sensors with the spare RTD inputs that would otherwise be used for energy valve control. This allows for efficient wiring practices for devices mounted close by. The RTD inputs are passed over the BACnet / Modbus RTU communication line as objects and allow the AS controller to command the control of the valve according to the room control requirements. Also refer to specialist application #3.

#### Wiring



In this wiring example the feedback of position alarms from the MB10 is sacrificed for the use of a room controller or thermostat with 0-10V signal.

In case a room thermostat is chosen with Pt1000 or NTC 10K type 2 or 3 element connected to the yellow or orange RTD input, alarm feedback from MB10 can be retained.

**Specialist Application #2**

## Energy Valve

- Dedicated energy meters are accurate but costly, but only tell you how much energy you have already consumed; they don't help to limit the energy.
- The SP90 is able to calculate the energy usage through the valve.
- Due to highly accurate positioning of the SP90 actuator and a precise and linear flow curve of the PIBCV, heat emission can be calculated from the known temperature drop and the known flow rate through the valve.
- The SP90 has needed sensor inputs and dedicated cable sets for connecting PT1000 temperature sensors.
- The SP90 can not only calculate the energy going through the valve but can actually control flow based on energy. Thus we can either sacrifice the time taken to reach target temperature or limit energy usage at any particular time. Limiting energy when required may be desirable if there are peak energy constraints and prioritized zones.
- Understanding Delta T also allows us to control Delta T, thus we can ensure the chiller or boiler is operating on optimal coefficient of performance (COP).

## Energy Management MSV:13 / 32815

**General Information - Energy Limitation States:**

- For all 'limitation' states within MSV:13/32815, a warning will be activated and made visible on the bus to inform the user that SP90 has taken control of the flow rate through the PIBCV valve. Whilst under SP90 control, the valve will not be closed at any time i.e. closing % constraints are contained within its algorithms, although an external device's control signal will always be able to close the valve.
- If the energy limitation settings are unobtainable without SP90 closing itself, a warning will be activated to inform the user that the set-point value is 'out of range'. Please note that SP90 will not automatically relinquish control of the flow rate as soon as the set-point is achieved if the external device e.g. DDC differs greatly with that of SP90's calculated flow rate/opening %.
- TIP: This information may be used by the user to improve the external control device's PID.

**General Information - Energy Control States:**

- For all 'control' states within MSV:13/32815, SP90 takes full control over the flow rate through the PIBCV valve and will not accept a control signal from an external device. Whilst under SP90 control, the valve will not be fully closed at any time i.e. closing % constraints are contained within its algorithms. If the energy control settings are unobtainable without SP90 closing or opening itself fully, a warning will be activated to inform the user that the set-point value is 'out of range'.

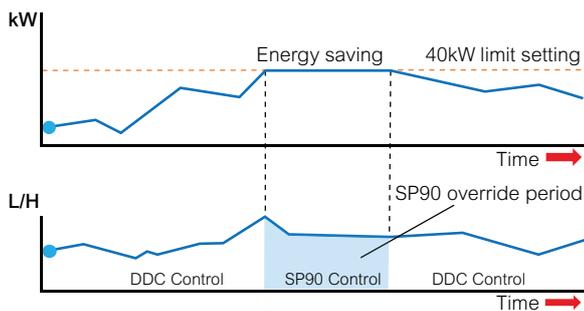
## Power Manager

**State 1: Not active.**

- Energy management applications are disabled.

**State 2: Power limitation (chilled water example)**

- SP90 calculates the instantaneous hydronic power used and will then, when required, override the DDC control signal and limit the flow rate / hydronic power according to the user defined values in object / register AV:35 or 36 / 32832 or 32834. The hydronic power is limited by closing the valve until the kW value measured, once again, falls below the defined limit. There are user defined limits for both Cooling Power and Heating Power. When this limitation is active, the warning object BV:23 / bit 23 in register 33536 will be set to 'on'. Application example: When the "Power" is limited in this way we are able to prevent over consumption (during peak load) and save money.



Object/ Register	Write/read value	Description
MSV:9 / 32810	Digital	SP90/PIBCV opening degree command via BUS
MSV:3 / 32802	Selected Valve Type	Selection of the appropriate PIBCV valve.
AV:31 / 32798	Cooling	Design flow setting of Cooling e.g. 400 l/h
MSV:13 / 32815	Power Limitation	The Cooling max hydronic power value that SP90 will not exceed e.g. 2kW
AV:36 / 32834	Cooling max. power value	The value that SP90 will ensure T2 will not fall below e.g. 13°C

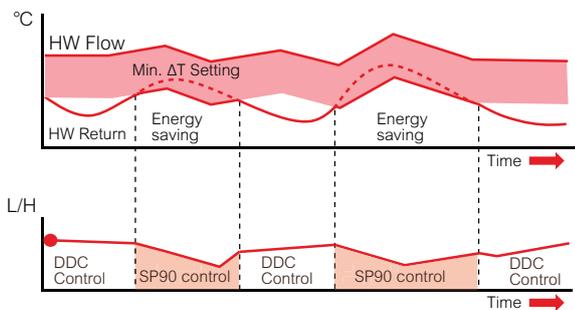
**State 3: Power control**

- Power emission is controlled directly in kW, kBTU or % and not l/hr / GPM. The flowrate through the valve is controlled by the Flow Rate setpoint AV:1 in kW or kBTU/h (selected in MSV:21 / 32788) and is based on the flowrate and temperature inputs which are used to calculate the power consumption. Application example: Tempering a space (e.g. in storage hall) where we can set and keep the energy output constant.

## Delta T Manager

### State 4: Min. Delta T limitation (heating water example)

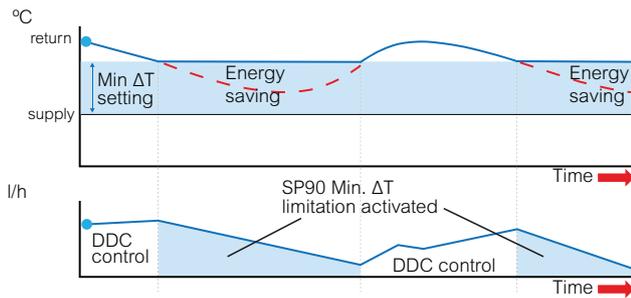
- SP90, when required, overrides the DDC control signal and maintains a minimum temperature difference between the flow and return temperatures by starting to close the valve when the user defined minimum delta T is not achieved. As the flow temperature increases/decreases, so will the calculated minimum set-point for the return temperature. This always ensures a minimum energy transfer to the FCU irrespective of the flow temperature. This state may also be used in 6 way change over mode and will apply the appropriate value whilst in cooling/heating mode.
- For heating, the delta T value is set in object / register AV:37 / 32836. When conditions allow for this limitation to be activated, the warning object BV:23 / bit 23 in register 33536 will be set to 'on'. Application example: When we would like to improve the efficiency of boiler/chiller we can define the Minimum Delta T in the system with respect to outside temperatures.



Object/ Register	Write/read value	Description
MSV:9 / 32810	Digital	SP90/PIBCV opening degree command via BUS
MSV:3 / 32802	Selected Valve Type	Selection of the appropriate PIBCV valve.
MSV:10 / 32811	Heating	Any control algorithms used are with AI:1>AI:2 in mind
AV:30 / 32796	250	Design flow setting of Heating e.g. 250 l/h
MSV:13 / 32815	Min. Delta T limitation	Constantly ensures the flow and return temperature difference do not fall below a specified value
AV:37 / 32836	Heating Delta T value	The delta T value that SP90 will not fall below e.g. 20°C

### State 4: Min. Delta T limitation (chilled water example)

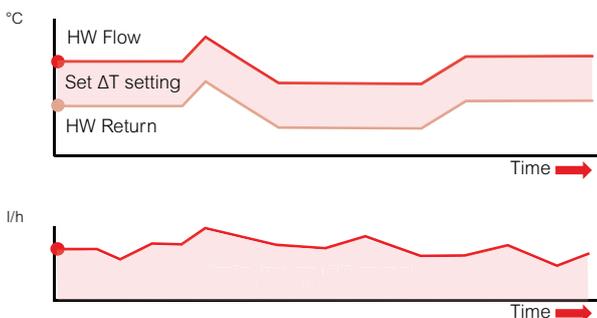
- Application example: When we would like to improve the efficiency in the system we can define the Minimum Delta T in the system.



Object/ Register	Write/read value	Description
MSV:9 / 32810	Digital	SP90/PIBCV opening degree command via BUS
MSV:3 / 32802	Valve type	Selection of the appropriate PIBCV valve.
MSV:10 / 32811	Cooling	Any control algorithms used are with AI:1>AI:2 in mind
AV:31 / 32798	400	Design flow setting of Cooling e.g. 400 l/h
MSV:13 / 32815	Min. delta T management	Constantly ensures the flow and return temperature difference do not fall below a specified value
AV:38 / 32838	Cooling Delta T value	The delta T value that SP90 will no fall below e.g. 5°C

### State 5: Set Delta T control (heating water example)

- SP90 constantly overrides the DDC control signal when activated and maintains a constant temperature difference between the flow and return temperatures by opening and closing the valve. When the flow temperature increases/decreases, so will the calculated delta T set-point for the return temperature. This always ensures a constant delta T across the FCU irrespective of the flow temperature. This state may also be used in 6 way change over mode and will apply the appropriate value whilst in cooling/heating mode. The constant delta T for heating is set in object / register AV:37 / 32836 and for cooling AV:38 / 32838. Application example: Tempering a space (e.g. in storage hall) where we can set and keep a constant Delta T.

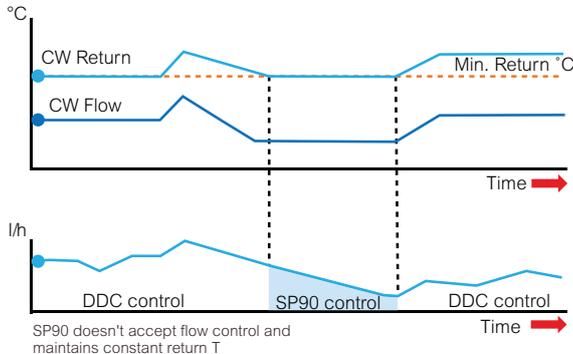


When this limitation is active, the warning object BV:23 / bit 23 in register 33536 will be set to 'on'.

Object/ Register	Write/read value	Description
MSV:9 / 32810	Digital	SP90/PIBCV opening degree command via BUS
MSV:3 / 32802	Selected Valve Type	Selection of the appropriate PIBCV valve.
MSV:10 / 32811	Heating	Any control algorithms used are with AI:1>AI:2 in mind
AV:30 / 32796	250	Design flow setting of Heating e.g. 250 l/h
MSV:13 / 32815	Set Delta T control	Constantly ensures the flow and return temperature difference do not deviate from a specified value
AV:37 / 32836	Heating Delta T value	The delta T value that SP90 will use as setpoint e.g. 20°C

**State 6: Return T limitation (chilled water example)**

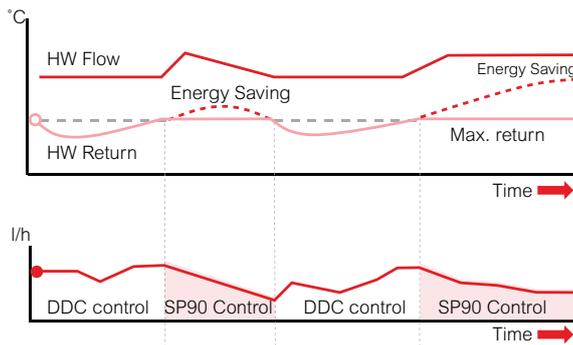
- SP90 ensures the min. return temp. which is set in register / object AV:40 / 32842. This function will mainly be used for a Cooling application where the return temperature is higher than the flow temperature. SP90 overrides the DDC control signal when activated and maintains a minimum return temperature by starting to close the valve when the user defined minimum return temperature is not achieved. When conditions allow for this limitation to be active, the warning object BV:23 / bit 23 in register 33536 will be set to 'on'. Application example: To improve chiller efficiency and ensure proper flow temperature for cooling systems, we can prescribe minimum return temperature to avoid COP reduction as well as low Delta T syndrome.



Object/ Register	Write/read value	Description
MSV:9 / 32810	Digital	SP90/PIBCV opening degree command via BUS
MSV:3 / 32802	Selected Valve Type	Selection of the appropriate PIBCV valve.
MSV:10 / 32811	Cooling	Any control algorithms used are with AI:1<AI:2 in mind
AV:31 / 32798	400	Design flow setting of Cooling e.g. 400 l/h
MSV:13 / 32815	Min. Return T limitation	Ensures the return temperature does not fall below a specified value
AV:40 / 32842	Cooling T2 value	The value that SP90 will ensure T2 will not fall below e.g. 13°C

**State 6: Return T limitation (heating water example)**

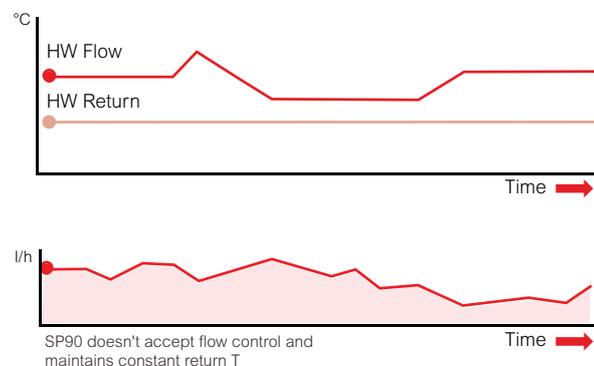
- SP90 ensures the max return temp. set in register / object AV:39 / 32840. This function will mainly be used for a Heating application where the return temperature is lower than the flow temperature. SP90 overrides the DDC control signal when activated and maintains a maximum return temperature by starting to close the valve when the user defined maximum return temperature is not achieved. When conditions allow for this limitation to be active, the warning object BV:23 / bit 23 in register 33536 will be set to 'on'. Application example: Heating systems that require a maximum return temperature for efficient heat source generation e.g. condensing boilers and heat pumps.



Object/ Register	Write/read value	Description
MSV:9 / 32810	Digital	SP90/PIBCV opening degree command via BUS
MSV:3 / 32802	Selected Valve Type	Selection of appropriate PIBCV Valve
MSV:10 / 32811	Heating	Any control algorithms used are with AI:1>AI:2 in mind
AV:30 / 32796	250	Design flow setting of Heating e.g. 250 l/h
MSV:13 / 32815	Max. Return T limitation	Ensures the return temperature does not rise above a specified value
AV:39 / 32840	Heating T2 value	The value that SP90 will ensure T2 will not rise above e.g. 60°C

**State 7: Set Return T control (heating water example)**

- A constant return temperature T2 value is set in object / register AV:37 / 32836 and/or AV:38 / 32838. SP90 constantly overrides the DDC control signal and maintains a constant return temperature by opening and starting to close the valve when the user defined Return T is exceeded or not achieved. When the flow temperature increases/decreases, the Return T set-point remains the same. This will ensure a constant return temperature back to the energy source. Application example: When we intend to use the return water for secondary usage e.g. pre-heat on a AHU or a standalone terminal unit in which the T2 value is used as the temperature set-point to be maintained.



Object/ Register	Write/read value	Description
MSV:9 / 32810	Digital	SP90/PIBCV opening degree command via BUS
MSV:3 / 32802	Selected Valve Type	Selection of appropriate PIBCV Valve
MSV:10 / 32811	Heating	Any control algorithms used are with AI:1>AI:2 in mind
AV:30 / 32796	250	Design flow setting of Heating e.g. 250 l/h
MSV:13 / 32815	Set Return T control	Constantly ensures the return temperature does not deviate from a specified value
AV:37 / 32836	Heating T2 value	The return T value that SP90 will use as setpoint e.g. 40°C

Note: SP90 defaults to select metric units of measurement, l/h, 0°C, Kw

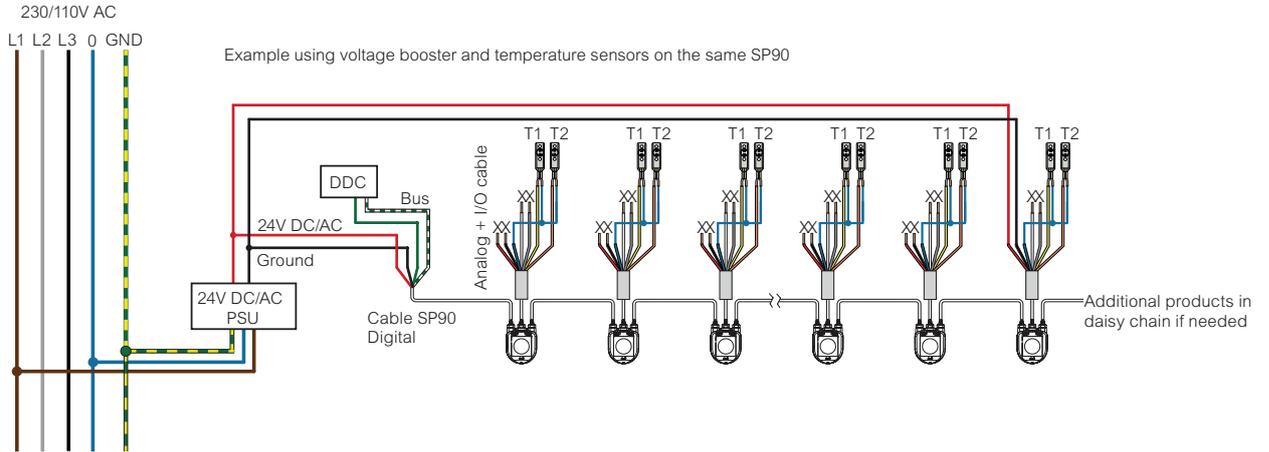
Specialist Application #3

## Remote I/O

The SP90 can connect to other devices and pass these as BACnet /Modbus RTU object up to the BMS controller. Other devices include room sensors, humidity sensors, fan speed controllers etc using the 2 x RTD inputs and the 0-10V I/O

This allows simplified wiring of local devices and may even allow the use of a room thermostat rather than a room controller for some simplified room architectures.

### Wiring



## Quick Setup

Note: see "BACnet Objects And Modbus RTU Registers" on page 18 for advanced configurations.

### Valve Selection

One of the first and most important selections to be made in the SP90 is the valve type, see P18; this defines the maximum flow rate the SP90 is controlling.

### Selection of Units of Flow Rate

After selecting the valve type to be controlled by the actuator, it is important to determine the correct units of the flow rate settings. For Analogue Control this is set with object AV: 0 / 0x8000 Design Flow and AV:1 / 0x8200 Desired Flow.

Under Digital control, use AV: 30 / 0x801C for Heating and AV: 31 / 0x801E for cooling AV:0 /. The default settings are:

- For AV:0 / 0x8000, AV:30 / 0x801C, AV31 / 0x801E Design Flow, the default setting is l/hr.
- For AV:1 / 0x8200 Desired Flow, the default setting is %.
- When the setup is finalized change MSV:0 / 0x8204 to 2 for calibration.

### Setting the Units

If the default units value (l/h) for the object Design Flow Rate (AV:0), AV:30, AV:31 are not as desired, then the units may be changed by changing the present value of the object BV:4. Note that the value for the object Actual Flow Rate Feedback (AV:2) will also change.

- BV:4 = 0 sets the units to L/hr
- BV:4 = 1 sets the units to %

If the default units value (%) for the object Desired Flow Rate Input (AV:1) are not as desired, then the units may be changed by changing the present value of the object BV:5.

- BV:5 = 0 sets the unit to L/hr
- BV:5 = 1 sets the unit to %

### Setting the Design Flow Rate

Set the designed maximum flow rate of the controlled system if the nominal flow of the valve does not correspond.

The Design Flow Rate is set by changing the present value of AV:0 / AV:30 / AV:31.

Note: If the Design Flow Rate is set to more than the nominal flow value of the valve, the mechanical pre-setting on the valve should be set to maximum open (100% open is the factory default pre- setting).

### Calibration of Actuator to the Valve

After all basic settings have been set, calibrating the actuator to the valve can occur. The actuator will adjust itself to the exact valve used and all settings will be used correctly. A calibration is started by setting Actuator Mode and Special Features (MSV:0) to calibration. Possible settings of present value of MSV:0 are:

1. Normal (Operation)
2. Calibration
3. Flush
4. De-Air
5. Alarm (Actuator will only go into this alarm state if it cannot control the motor or some major internal errors are present)

If, and when calibration has finished successfully, MSV:0 will change to the value 1 = Normal. This means the actuator is now ready to run in normal mode and is ready to control the flow through the valve.

### Flushing a System

Actuator Mode and Special Features (MSV:0) has an option which allows the user to also used when a system shall be flushed. To start flush of the system set MSV:0 to 3. This will make the actuator open up the valve completely. Flush will end when:

- MSV:0 is set back to 1 = Normal operation
- Power cycled.
- Or flush function times out after 1 hour.

When flush ends, it will under normal conditions, return to normal operation.

### De-Air of a system

With MSV:0 is it also possible to start the De-Air function in the actuator. This function will open and close the valve a number of times to help get rid of air trapped in the hydronic system. Start De-Air by setting MSV:0 to 4. De-air will run until it ends and the state of the actuator will go back to normal operation, MSV:0 = 1, Normal

### Controlling the actuator

Under normal operation of the actuator, where the flow through a valve is to be controlled, the object Desired Flow Rate Input (AV:1) is used. The default setting for the Desired Flow Rate unit is %. This is the most suitable setting as the controller does not need to know anything about the Design Flow Rate setting of the actuator. The output from the controller only has to be set up so it regulates from 0 to 100% of the Design Flow Rate (AV:1).

- To change the flow rate through the valve, the present value of AV:1 is written to in the range 0 – 100 (%).
- If the unit selected for AV:1 has to be l/hr, the desired flow rate through the valve must be written to in integers representing l/hr. An example of this could be a controller writing values to the actuator in the range 0 til 450 l/hr for a DN15 valve.

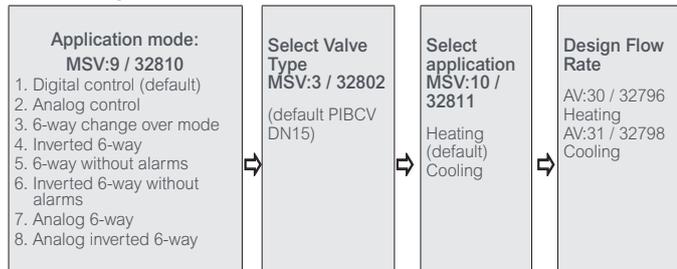
## BACnet Objects And Modbus RTU Registers

### Design flow rate setting

#### General

There are simple BACnet and Modbus RTU settings that are essential to the basic setup configuration of SP90 in order to communicate and control. These are contained in the BACnet objects or in decimal format Modbus RTU registers.

#### Initial configuration



### Advanced configuration and features

If the default setup of the actuator isn't suitable, special attention has to be paid to the following objects:

MSV:9 / 32810	Application mode
MSV:3 / 32802	Selected Valve Type
AV:30 / 32796	Design Flow Rate Heating
AV:31 / 32798	Design Flow Rate Cooling
MSV:10 / 32811	Application command & status
AI:1 / 32791	Temperature T1 or resistance input
AI:2 / 32792	Temperature T2 or resistance input
AV:32 / 33288	Power Emission
MSV:13 / 32815	Energy management

#### Application mode:

The default Application mode is Digital Control. In this mode the SP90 is controlled via fieldbus and the voltage inputs and outputs are available to connect other devices. Alternatively, in Analog Control mode the SP90 is expecting an analog control signal.

If the 6 way change over functionality is needed the Application mode must be changed to MB10 change over mode. This is where the SP90 actuator is ready to be used with the MB10 change over actuator. If the heating and cooling pipes are connected inverted to that shown on the data sheet, then MB10 Inverted mode must be selected. The object/register MSV:9 / 32810 Application mode is used to select this. Analog Control is also possible if required. Select if the application is Heating, Cooling or 6-Way in Application command & status MSV:10 / 32811.

#### Selection of PIBC valve type:

After selecting Application mode (as above), it is then necessary to select the PIBC valve type that the actuator is mounted on. This is done with the object MSV:3 / 32802 Selected Valve Type. The present value of MSV:3 / 32802 may be set to values between 1 and 17, each number represents a specific PIBC valve type which can be found in the table "Valve Type Selection" on page 28. The default value for MSV:3 / 32802 is 4 i.e. **SpaceLogic** DN15 standard valve.

#### Selection and setting of engineering units:

If there is a need to change the default engineering units, this is done in BACnet via the object's engineering units property and in Modbus RTU via separate registers.

#### Setting the Design Flow Rate

The designed maximum flow rate of the controlled system should be set if the nominal flow of the valve does not correspond to the designed maximum flow rate. The Design Flow Rate is set by changing the present value of:

- AV:30 / 32796 Design Flow Rate for Heating
- AV:31 / 32798 Design Flow Rate for Cooling

**Note:** If the Design Flow Rate is set to more than the nominal flow value of the valve, the mechanical pre-setting on the valve must be set to maximum open i.e. fully opening the mechanical pre-setting wheel on the PIBC valve (100% open is the default mechanical pre-setting from our factory).

#### Changing from Heating to Cooling in 6 way change over and Inverted 6 way change over mode:

The object / register MSV:10 / 32811 6 way change over command & status is used to change from heating function to cooling function as well as giving feedback as to the ball position status. A more detailed description of this is found in the table "Modbus RTU Configuration Registers (Table 1)" on page 30.

#### Temperature measurements:

AI:1 / 33218 Temperature T1 or resistance input and AI:2 / 33220 Temperature T2 or resistance input are used to measure the temperature with temperature sensors. The resistance value may also be shown directly if selected, allowing these inputs to be used for other purposes than measuring temperature e.g. window contacts or other potential free contacts. Closed circuit <900Ω, open circuit 100kΩ.

#### Power emission:

AV:32 / 33288 Power Emission is used to show the present hydronic power emission of the terminal unit, based on calculations from water flow rate and the temperature difference between supply and return pipes.

#### Energy Counter:

Either the Cooling or Heating hydronic energy used is counted and logged under AV:33 / 33290 or AV:34 / 33292. This function is enabled and disabled with MSV:12 / 32814.

#### Flushing a system:

Actuator Mode and Special Features MSV:0 / 33284 has an option which allows the user to flush the system via the field bus. To start flushing the system, set MSV:0 / 33284 to 3, Flush. The actuator will then open up the PIBC valve completely. Flush will end when:

- MSV:0 / 33284 is set back to 1 = Normal operation
- Or the power is cycled.
- Or the flush function times-out after 1 hour.

When flushing ends, the actuator returns to normal operation.

#### De-Airing of a system:

With MSV:0 / 33284, it is also possible to start the De-Air function in the actuator. This function will open and close the PIBC valve a number of times, helping getting rid of trapped air in the hydronic system. Start De-Air by setting MSV:0 / 33284 to 4. De-air will run undisturbed until it ends. The state of the actuator will then go back to normal operation i.e. MSV:0 / 33284 = 1, Normal.

#### Controlling the actuator:

Under normal operation of the actuator, where the flow through the PIBC valve is to be controlled, the object Flow Rate Setpoint AV:1 / 33280 is used. The default setting for the Flow Rate Setpoint engineering unit is %. This is the most suitable setting as the controller does not need to know anything about the Design Flow Rate setting of the actuator. The output signal from the controller needs only to be set up so it regulates from 0 to 100% of the Heating Design Flow Rate AV:30 / 32796 or Cooling Design Flow Rate AV:31 / 32798. Alternative Design Flow Rate AV:0 / 32768 can be used. To change the flow rate through the valve, the present value of AV:1 / 33280 is written-to, in the range 0 – 100%. If the engineering unit selected for AV:1 / 33280 must be l/h, the Flow Rate Setpoint through the valve must be written-to in integers representing l/h. An example of this could be a controller writing values to the actuator in the range 0 to 450 l/h for a DN15 valve.

#### Alarms and warnings:

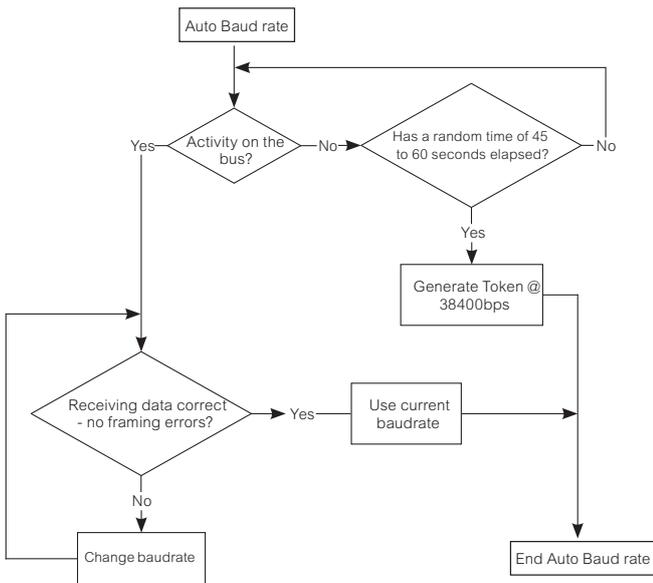
System issues can be detected by using BACnet object values BV:10 to BV:24 or Modbus RTU register 33536, see BACnet and Modbus RTU tables for more details. MSV:9 / 32810 has also a state called "6-Way without alarms" meaning that essentially the same 6-Way functionality is present (2 Design flows and the changeover signal) without alarms, so the analog input signal may be used to connect other devices if required.

## BACnet Baud Rate and Mac Addressing

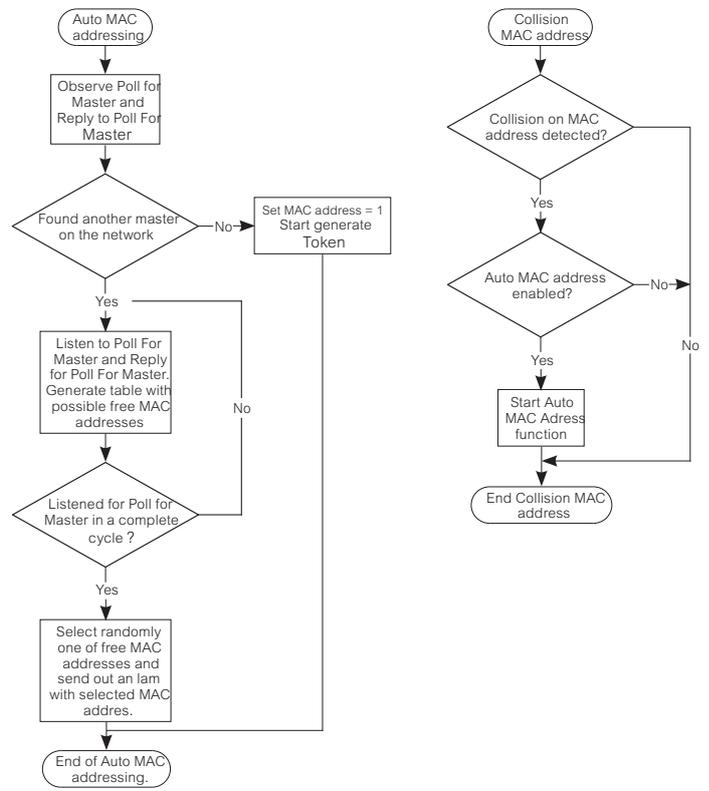
SP90 should be connected after, or at the same time as, other BACnet devices. SP90 will then adapt to its network's baud rate automatically.

**Baud rate MSV:6 / 32804 must be set to 1 (default).**

If the SP90 observes activity on the bus within 45 seconds after powering up, then it adopts the baud rate presently used on the network by other BACnet devices. If the actuator does not see activity on the network within this time, it generates a token and sends the token out at the default baud rate of 38400bps.



this function will start the search for an available MAC address again. When an available MAC address is found, an "I-Am" notification will be sent out via BACnet.



### Auto MAC Addressing

**BACnet only**

**MAC address assignment method MSV:5 must be set to 1 (default).**

The SP90 actuator observes for used which MAC addresses on the sub-network that are taken and then automatically assign an available MAC address to the actuator on first power up, if the address has not already been manually selected by DIP Switches. If a MAC address collision arises later and Auto MAC addressing is enabled,

# BACnet Objects

## Analogue Values

Ident	Object / Parameter name	Unit	Read/Write	Min	Max	Default	Resolution	Description	Persistent Yes/No
AV:0	Design Flow Rate	%, L/hr, GPM	R/W	Recommended 20% of nominal flow	Setting Range Maximum from Valve table	Nominal value from the Valve table in L/hr	0.1	Recommended to use AV:30 for Heating and/or AV:31 for cooling Under 6 Way Change Over Control. Pre-set value for the Design Flow Rate when control signal is at 100%, if the Application mode is Analog or Digital control otherwise not used. Units can be changed via the object's engineering units property and/or MSV:20.	Yes
AV:1	Flow Rate Setpoint	%, L/hr, GPM	R/W	0	100% or Design Flow value	100%	0.01	The Flow Rate Setpoint (max. flow rate) through the PIBCV valve. Units can be changed via the object's engineering units property and/or MSV: 21. NOTE: For kW or kBTU/h to become active, MSV:13 Power Controller (state:3) must be chosen.	No
AV:2	Actual Flow Rate feedback	%, L/hr, GPM	R	0	If L/hr (GPM) is selected then the valve flow rate is set to the selected valve's (MSV:3) maximum value. Otherwise 100%	L/hr or GPM depending on the selected valve	0.001	Flow rate indication based on the position of the Actuator stem. Units can be changed via the object's engineering units property and/or MSV:22. This object is supported by COV.	No
AV:3	Control Fallback Time	Minutes	R/W	0	60	10	1	Time before actuator reacts to a missing analog control signal. i.e. when MSV:9=1 Analog control and not receiving an analog control signal.	Yes
AV:4	Alpha Value	na	R/W	0.05	1.0	1.0	0.01	Value used for shaping the curve in Manual Defined Function (MDF) mode to fit the characteristic curve of a heat exchanger. Linear setting: MDF=1. See curve below table. If AV:1 is in L/ hr in Digital mode, the alpha setting is ignored. See Alpha value diagram.	Yes
AV:5	Valve closing or opening time	Seconds	R/W	18	700	na	1	The time the actuator needs to move from 0% to 100% of Design Flow Rate. Use with MSV:4.	Yes
AV:6	Rectified voltage measured by the actuator	Volts	R	12	50	0	0.01	Rectified voltage which powers the actuator. Too low voltage: 16.1-17.5V. Too high voltage: 38.3-43.4V.	No
AV:7	MAC Address	na	R/W	1	126	na	1	MAC Address used for BACnet communication.	Yes
AV:8	Temperature In the Actuator	°C, °F	R	-20	100	°C	0.5	Temperature measured inside the actuator. Units can be changed via the object's engineering units property.	No
AV:9	Total Operating Hours	Hours	R	0	MAX	na	1	Total Operating Hours of the actuator.	Yes
AV:10	Minutes since last power-up	Minutes	R	0	MAX	na	1	Minutes since the last power-up of the actuator.	No
AV:11	Minutes since last calibration	Minutes	R	0	MAX	na	1	Minutes since the last time the actuator was calibrated to an PIBCV valve.	Yes
AV:12	Minutes since fully closed	Minutes	R	0	MAX	na	1	Minutes since the last time the PIBCV valve was fully closed.	Yes
AV:13	Minutes Since Fully Opened	Minutes	R	0	MAX	na	1	Minutes since the last time the PIBCV valve was fully opened.	Yes
AV:14	Life time estimate	na	R	0	MAX	na	0.01	Calculated percentage of expended lifetime, At 100% the valve and actuator have reached the estimated minimum lifetime. Replacement of Valve and Actuator Recommended	Yes

## Analogue Values continued

Ident	Object / Parameter name	Unit	Read/Write	Min	Max	Default	Resolution	Description	Persistent Yes/No
AV:15	Server Message Count	na	R	0	MAX	na	1	Server Message Count	No
AV:16	Server Message Received	na	R	0	MAX	na	1	Server Message Received	No
AV:17	Server Error Count	na	R	0	MAX	na	1	Server Error Count	No
AV:18	Server Message sent	na	R	0	MAX	na	1	Server Message sent	No
AV:19	Server Timeout Error	na	R	0	MAX	na	1	Server Timeout Error	No
AV:20	Serial Number of the actuator	na	R	na	na	na	1	Description of this object holds the serial number of the actuator - programmed at the time of production.	na
AV:21	The name of the Selected valve is shown here	na	R	na	na	na	1	Nominal flow of the selected PIBCV valve type is shown in the present value.	na
AV:22	Valve position at nominal flow	Millimetre	R	na	na	na	1	Position in mm for nominal flow of the selected PIBCV valve.	na
AV:23	Maximum value for the Design Flow Rate	Unit type follows selection: % or (L/hr or GPM)	R	na	na	na	1	Maximum level the Design Flow can be increased to for the selected PIBCV valve.	na
AV:24	The name of the User Defined Valve is shown here	L/hr or GPM, Unit type written here is copied to the Valve Table. Default: L/hr	R/W	1	5000	450	0.1	Name and Nominal Flow of the User Defined Valve (this object is used when not connected to the <b>SpaceLogic</b> PIBCV, Verification from Schneider is needed for validation of alternative valve).	Yes
AV:25	Valve position at nominal flow for User Defined Valve	Millimetre	R/W	1.5	5.8	2.25	0.01	Nominal flow position in mm for the User Defined Valve.	Yes
AV:26	Maximum value for the Design Flow in the User Defined Valve	%	R/W	100	150	120	1	Maximum level the Design Flow can be increased to for the User Defined Valve (this object is used when not connected to the <b>SpaceLogic</b> PIBCV, Verification from Schneider is needed for validation of alternative valve).	Yes
AV:27	Alarm summary count	na	R	na	na	0	na	Coding for AV:27 Alarm summary count is: If BV:10 is active then AV:27 is 1.0. If BV:11 is active then AV:27 is 2.0. If BV:12 is active then AV:27 is 4.0. If BV:14 is active then AV:27 is 8.0. If BV:15 is active then AV:27 is 16.0. If BV:16 is active then AV:27 is 32.0. If BV:17 is active then AV:27 is 64.0. If BV:18 is active then AV:27 is 128.0. If BV:19 is active then AV:27 is 256.0. If BV:20 is active then AV:27 is 512.0. If BV:21 is active then AV:27 is 1024.0. If BV:21 is active then AV:27 is 2048.0. If BV:22 is active then AV:27 is 4096.0. If BV:23 is active then AV:27 is 8192.0. If BV:24 is active then AV:27 is 16384.0. e.g. if both BV:11 & BV:12 are active then AV:27 is 6.0.	No

## Analogue Values continued

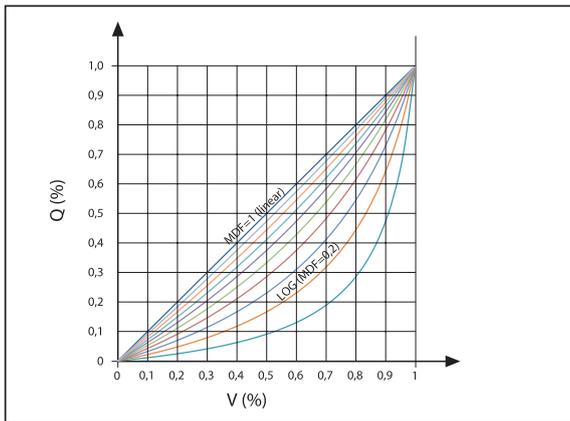
Ident	Object / Parameter name	Unit	Read/Write	Min	Max	Default	Resolution	Description	Persistent Yes/No
AV:30	Heating Design Flow Rate	%, L/hr, GPM	R/W	Recommended 20% of nominal flow	Setting Range Maximum from Valve table	Nominal value from the Valve table in L/hr	0.1	Pre-set value for the Design Flow Rate in heating mode, when the control signal is at 100%. Units can be changed via the object's engineering units property.	Yes
AV:31	Cooling Design Flow Rate	%, L/hr, GPM	R/W	Recommended 20% of nominal flow	Setting Range Maximum from Valve table	Nominal value from the Valve table in L/hr	0.1	Pre-set value for the Design Flow Rate in cooling mode, when the control signal is at 100%. Units can be changed via the object's engineering units property.	Yes
AV:32	Power emission	kW, BTU/h	R	na	na	kW	na	The hydronic power emission of the terminal unit, based on calculations from water flow rate and the temperature difference between supply (AI:1) and return (AI:2) pipes. Positive values reflect heating power emission. Negative values reflect cooling power emission. Units can be changed via the object's engineering units property.	No
AV:33	Heating Energy counter	kWh, MJ, kBTU	R	0	na	na	Accumulative Energy counter for heating.	"Activated/Deactivated via MSV:12. Units set via MSV:27. If AV:41 Glycol correction is used, Heating Energy counter will be adjusted accordingly."	Yes
AV:34	Cooling Energy counter	kWh, MJ, kBTU	R	0	na	na	Accumulative Energy counter for cooling.	"Activated/Deactivated via MSV:12. Units set via MSV:27. If AV:41 Glycol correction is used, Cooling Energy counter will be adjusted accordingly."	Yes
AV:35	Heating max. Power	kW, kBTU/h	R/W	0	na	0	Pre-set value for the design flow rate, in heating mode.	When using MSV:13 state Power limiter this is the maximum allowed hydronic energy output. This value is intended to limit the heating power through the terminal unit.	Yes
AV:36	Cooling max. power	kW, kBTU/h	R/W	0	na	0	Pre-set value for the design flow rate, in cooling mode.	When using MSV:13 state Power limiter this is the maximum allowed hydronic energy output. This value is intended to limit the cooling power through the terminal unit.	Yes
AV:37	Heating Delta T	°C, °F	R/W	na	na	15	Set-point value for the temperature difference between the flow and return pipes	For MSV:13 state Min. delta T management and Set Delta T control, this is the value the control is based on for heating.	Yes
AV:38	Cooling Delta T	°C, °F	R/W	na	na	5	Set-point value for the temperature difference between the flow and return pipes	For MSV:13 state Min. delta T management and Set Delta T control, this is the value the control is based on for cooling.	Yes
AV:39	Heating T2	°C, °F	R/W	na	na	35	Set-point value for Heating T2 (Heating return pipe temperature)	For MSV:13 state Max. Return T management and Set return T control, this is the value the control is based on for heating.	Yes
AV:40	Cooling T2	°C, °F	R/W	na	na	13	Set-point value for Cooling T2 (Cooling return pipe temperature)	For MSV:13 state Min. Return T management and Set return T control, this is the value the control is based on for cooling.	Yes
AV:41	Glycol Factor	na	R/W	0.5	2	1	Glycol correction factor	Select appropriate factor from 0.5-2 if a glycol mixture is used.	Yes
AV:42	Position feedback	%	R	0	100	na	Position of the Actuator stem in percentage	Flow rate indication in percentage based on the position of the Actuator stem.	No

Analogue Values continued

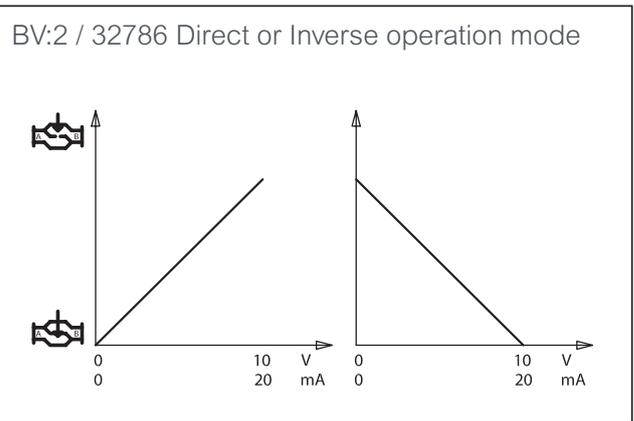
Ident	Object / Parameter name	Unit	Read/Write	Min	Max	Default	Resolution	Description	Persistent Yes/No
AV:47	Control-Gain P	No units	R/W	na	na	7	Set proportional part for control	Sets the proportional part for control of the object MSV:13 Energy management functions.	Yes
AV:48	Control-Gain I	No units	R/W	na	na	0.35	Set integral part for control	"Sets the integral part for control of the object MSV:13 Energy management functions. I parameter in sec. = (Pgain / Igain) * 2 sec. Default: 7/0.35 * 2sec. = 40 sec."	Yes
AV:50	Analog 6 way change over Heating point 100%	No units	R/W	0	10	0	Signal point for Analog 6 way change over mode	The control signal for heating 100% open when MSV:9 = State 7 or 8. Overlapping heating and cooling control curves are not accepted.	Yes
AV:51	Analog 6 way change over Heating point 0%	No units	R/W	0	10	3.3	Signal point for Analog 6 way change over mode	The control signal for heating 0% open when MSV:9 = State 7 or 8. Overlapping heating and cooling control curves are not accepted.	Yes
AV:52	Analog 6 way change over Cooling point 0%	No units	R/W	0	10	6.7	Signal point for Analog 6 way change over mode	The control signal for cooling 0% open when MSV:9 = State 7 or 8. Overlapping heating and cooling control curves are not accepted.	Yes
AV:53	Analog 6 way change over Cooling point 100%	No units	R/W	0	10	10	Signal point for Analog 6 way change over mode	The control signal for cooling 100% open when MSV:9 = State 7 or 8. Overlapping heating and cooling control curves are not accepted.	Yes

Note: In the following objects, the engineering units are linked e.g. if engineering units are changed in one object then it will be changes in all: AV:0, AV:30 and AV:31.

AV:4 / 32772 Alpha Value Curve



This Alpha Curve adjustment allows the SP90 to adapt to a specific model of heat exchanger curve to ensure a linear response of heat emission according to the valve position/ flow rate.



## BACnet Objects and Multi-State Values

Ident	Object / Parameter name	Read/Write	State Text	Default State	Description	Persistent Yes/No
MSV:0	Actuator Mode and special features	R/W	1: Normal 2: Calibration 3: Flush 1) 4: De-Air 2) 5: Alarm	1: Normal	Shows present mode of actuator. Calibration, flushing and de-air may be started from here.	Yes, except state 3,4 & 5
MSV:1	Analog Control signal type and range	R/W	1: 0-5 Vdc 2: 0-10 Vdc 3: 2-10 Vdc 4: 5-10 Vdc 5: 2-6 Vdc 6: 6-10 Vdc 7: 0-20 mA 8: 4-20 mA	2: 0-10 Vdc	Used to select the analog control signal input type and range.	Yes
MSV:2	Missing Control Signal Fallback Action	R/W	1: No action 2: CLOSE 3: OPEN 4: 50% of Design Flow	1: No action	The action that the actuator will commence upon a missing analog control signal.	Yes
MSV:3	Selected Valve Type	R/W	See table Valve Type Selection	4: PIBCV DN15 STD Flow	This is the PIBCV valve type that the actuator is set-up to control.	Yes
MSV:4	Actuator Speed	R/W	1: 3 sec/mm 2: 6 sec/mm 3: 12 sec/mm 4: 24 sec/mm 5: Constant Time	4: 24 sec/mm	The amount of time the actuator takes to move 1mm or alternatively, a specified constant time function (see AV:5). The Constant Time value range is 18-700 seconds.	Yes
MSV:5	MAC Address assignment method	R/W	1: DIP Switch Settings or Auto Addressing 2: User configuration over BACnet or Auto Addressing	1: DIP Switch Settings or Auto Addressing	The MAC address selection method. If the MAC address is not set by DIP Switch, the actuator will automatically assign itself an available MAC address.	Yes
MSV:6	Baud Rate	R/W	1: Auto Baud Rate Detection 2: 9600 bps 3: 19200 bps 4: 38400 bps 5: 57600 bps 6: 76800 bps 7: 115200 bps	1: Auto Baud Rate Detection	Baud Rate used for BACnet communication.	Yes
MSV:7	LED Control	R/W	1: Normal LED mode 2: Show only alarms 3: All LED's OFF 4: Blink	1: Normal LED mode	The LED display options.	Yes
MSV:8	Select field bus protocol	R/W	1: DIP switch 2: BACnet 3: Modbus RTU	1: DIP switch	Selection of field bus protocol. See also the DIP Switch Settings section of the data sheet. When the protocol is changed, a power cycle is required to make the actuator adopt the newly selected protocol.	Yes
MSV:9	Application mode	R/W	1: Analog control 2: Digital control 3: 6 Way Change Over 4: Inverted 6 Way Change Over 5: 6 Way Change over with Alarms 6: Inverted 6 Way Change Over without alarms 7: Analog 6 Way Change Over mode 8: Analog inverted 6 Way Change Over	3: 6 Way Change Over	Select the actuator application mode. <b>State 1:</b> Analog Control. Flow is controlled with an analog signal e.g. 0-10V. Design Flow Rate set via AV:30 Heating and/or AV:31 Cooling. Alternative AV:0 can be used. <b>State 2:</b> Digital Control. AV:1 is used to control the flow. Design Flow Rate set via AV:30 Heating and/or AV:31 Cooling. Alternative AV:0 can be used. <b>State 3:</b> 6 way change over mode. AV:1 is used to control the flow. Heating Design Flow Rate set via AV:30 and AV:31 for Cooling Design Flow Rate. Heating is connected to the 6 way change over valve to ports 5 & 6 and cooling to ports 1 & 4. <b>State 4:</b> Inverted 6 way change over mode. AV:1 is used to control the flow. Heating Design Flow Rate set via AV:30 and AV:31 for Cooling Design Flow Rate. Ports are inverted in relation to State 3. <b>State 5:</b> 6 way change over without alarms. AV:1 is used to control the flow. Heating Design Flow Rate set via AV:30 and AV:31 for Cooling Design Flow Rate. This state may be used if the Analog Input is required to be used other than 6 way change over feedback. Be aware that in this state the status for the 6 way change over valve is not shown. <b>State 6:</b> Inverted 6 way change over without alarms. AV:1 is used to control the flow. Heating Design Flow Rate set via AV:30 and AV:31 for Cooling Design Flow Rate. Ports are inverted in relation to State 3. This state may be used if the Analog Input is required to be used other than 6 way change over feedback. Be aware that in this state the status for the 6 way change over valve is not shown. <b>State 7:</b> Analog 6 way change over mode. The flow is controlled from the Room controller via the analog input signal. Heating Design Flow Rate set via AV:30 and AV:31 for Cooling Design Flow Rate. BV:2 is in this case used to switch the control signal. Be aware that in this state the status for the 6 way change over valve is not shown. <b>State 8:</b> Analog inverted 6 way change over mode. The flow is controlled from the Room controller via the analog input signal. Heating Design Flow Rate set via AV:30 and AV:31 for Cooling Design Flow Rate. In this state the Cooling and heating is connected opposite of state 7. When changing to this state the values in AV:50-53 are reversed. BV:2 is in this case used to switch the control signal. Be aware that in this state the status for the 6 way change over valve is not shown.	Yes

BACnet Objects and Multi-State Values continued

Ident	Object / Parameter name	Read/Write	State Text	Default State	Description	Persistent Yes/No
MSV:10	Heating / Cooling and MB10 changeover command and status	R/W (1-4) R (5-9)	1: Heating 2: Cooling ⚠ 3: Shut Off 3) 4: Start exercise 5: Moving towards Cooling 6: Moving towards Heating 7: Alarm 8: Exercising	1: Heating	States 1 and 2 are recommended to be set for the SP90 regardless of whether the MB10 changer over is used or not. States 1 to 4 are especially relevant for the commands for the MB10 actuator. States 5 to 8 are feedback from the MB10 actuator. <b>State 3, shut-off mode may only be used for maintenance and is only possible when the Flow Rate Setpoint is 0%.</b> In Central ChangeOver applications, state 1 and 2 are used to command heating or cooling.	Yes
MSV:11	MB10 auto exercise	R/W	1: ON 2: OFF	1: ON	ON: MB10 will move the VB601R valve from current position to shut off and back again once per week to maintain free movement. OFF: Exercising the valve should be handled by BMS.	Yes
MSV:12	Energy counter activation	R/W	1: Off 2: On	1: Off	Enable or disable energy counter	Yes
MSV:13	Energy management	R/W	1: Not active <b>Power Manager:</b> 2: Power limitation 3: Power control <b>Delta T Manager:</b> 4: Min. Delta T limitation 5: Set Delta T control 6: Return T limitation 7: See Return T control	1: Not used	Activate functions to optimize system performance. The Energy functions have a limitation at min. 10% of the design flow, except the function Power control that has a limitation at min. 2% of the design flow, regardless of the alpha value. If needed the PI values can be fine tuned in objects AV:47 and AV:48. <b>State 1:</b> Not active <b>State 2:</b> If power is above the set value in AV:35/36, SP90 will regulate to the specified limit AV:35 and/or AV:36. When this limitation is active, the warning BV:23 will be set to 'on'. <b>State 3:</b> The flowrate through the valve is controlled by AV:1 in %, kW or kBTU/h (selected in MSV:26) and is based on the flowrate and temperature inputs calculation. <b>State 4:</b> If delta T value in AV:37 and/or AV:38 is exceeded, SP90 will begin to close the valve until the AV:37 and/or AV:38 values are reached. When this limitation is active, the warning BV:23 will be set to 'on'. <b>State 5:</b> The constant delta T is set in AV:37 and/or AV:38 and SP90 will regulate within these limits. When this limitation is active, the warning BV:23 will be set to 'on'. <b>State 6:</b> SP90 ensures the min. or max. return temp. T2 set in AV:39 & AV:40. In MSV:10 / 32811 Heating/cooling application must be selected. When this limitation is active, the warning BV:23 will be set to 'on'. <b>State 7:</b> A constant T2 value is set in AV:39 and/or AV:40. SP90 will regulate to maintain these values constant.	Yes
MSV:14	Temperature Sensor type	R/W	1: NTC10k Type 2 2: NTC10k Type 3 3: PT1000	3: PT1000	Select the type of Temperature sensor connected.	Yes
MSV:20	Units used to set Design Flow Rate	R/W	1: L/h 2: % 3: GPM	1: L/h	Engineering Units used for the Design Flow AV:0, AV:30 and AV:31	Yes
MSV:21	Units used to set Flow Rate Setpoint	R/W	1: L/h 2: % 3: GPM 4: kW 5: kBTU/h	2: %	Engineering Units used for the desired Flow AV:1. NOTE: If kW or kBTU/h chosen then MSV:13 Power Controller (state:3) also becomes active	Yes
MSV:22	Units used to set Actual Flow feedback	R/W	1: L/h 2: % 3: GPM	1: L/h	Engineering Units used for AV:2	Yes
MSV:23	Units used to set Temperature	R/W	1: °C 2: °F	1: °C	Engineering Units used for AV:8, AV:37-40	Yes
MSV:24	Units used to set T1	R/W	1: °C 2: °F 3: Ohm	1: °C	Engineering Units used for AI:1	Yes
MSV:25	Units used to set T2	R/W	1: °C 2: °F 3: Ohm	1: °C	Engineering Units used for AI:2	Yes
MSV:26	Units used to set Power	R/W	1: kW 2: kBTU/h	1: kW	Engineering Units used for AV:32	Yes
MSV:27	Units used to set Energy counter	R/W	1: kWh 2: MJ 3: kBTU	1: kWh	Engineering Units used for AV:33 and AV:34	Yes

1 - Opens the valve fully for one hour or until a new state is selected

2 - Opens and closes the valve 5 times at maximum speed

3 - A zero desired flow command (AV:1) closes the PIBCV, so that there is neither heating nor cooling. Do not use the 6 way change over maintenance shut-off function for this purpose.



The MB10 Change over valve shut-off function should only be used for maintenance and only when the water temperature in terminal unit is equal to ambient temperature or the terminal unit is not mounted. A water temperature change inside of a closed coil could result in rising pressure and possible damage of to the terminal unit.

## Binary Value

Ident	Object / Parameter name	Read/Write	Active Text (1)	Inactive Text (0)	Default	Description	Persistent Yes/No
BV:2	Direct or Inverse operation Mode	R/W	Inverse	Direct	Direct	Selection between Direct and Inverse operation mode. See Direct/Inverse diagram. For the states Analog MB10 mode and Inverted Analog 6 way change over mode this object is used to switch the control signal.	Yes
BV:3	Analog feedback signal	R/W	Active	Inactive	Inactive	By activating this feature, the analog output signal (AO:0) and the position of the valve opening become linked. The voltage output type and range is linked to the MSV:1 present value. This feature may be used for FCU fan control for example and is only made available when MSV:9 Application Mode are in State 1: Analog control or State 2: Digital control. If BV:3 is active and the analog output signal (AO:0) is written to manually it must be relinquished i.e. write "NULL" to return to the original setting of BV:3.	Yes
BV:10	Warning: Temperature of the actuator is out of recommended range	R	ON	OFF	na	The Temperature inside the Actuator is out of the recommended range.	No
BV:11	Alarm: No Control Signal	R	ON	OFF	na	The actuator has detected that it has no analog control signal.	No
BV:12	Alarm: Error during Closing	R	ON	OFF	na	The actuator is unable to reach it's intended closing position. Check for valve blockages.	No
BV:13	Warning: Pre-set Conflict	R	ON	OFF	na	Conflict between the Mechanical PIBCV valve setting and the SP90's. The mechanical valve setting must be 100% or above. The warning will also be activated if the Selected Valve Type has different stroke than the actually valve used. Validated during calibration.	No
BV:14	Warning: Voltage of power supply is too high	R	ON	OFF	na	Voltage of power supply is measured to be too high. When the measured voltage exceeds 43.4V the alarm will be turned ON for too high voltage. When the measured voltage is once more below 38.3V, the alarm will be turned OFF.	No
BV:15	Warning: Voltage of power supply is too low	R	ON	OFF	na	Voltage of power supply is measured to be too low. When the measured voltage level drops below 16.5V the alarm will be activated for too low voltage. When the measured voltage level drops below 16.1V the motor will also be turned off. When the measured voltage is once more above 17.5V, the motor will be activated again.	No
BV:16	Alarm: Error during Calibration	R	ON	OFF	na	There was an error during calibration of the actuator. e.g. the actuator is not mounted onto the valve or the valve is seized.	No
BV:17	Warning: BACnet MAC-address Conflict was Detected	R	ON	OFF	na	Two or more devices on the same BACnet sub-network have the same MAC-address.	No
BV:18	Warning: Faults on the BACnet was detected	R	ON	OFF	na	Problems with communication on the network are detected.	No
BV:19	Alarm: An internal Error has been detected	R	ON	OFF	na	Re-calibrate or power cycle actuator to reset - actuator replacement may be necessary	No
BV:20	Alarm: MB10 6-Way in manual override or MB10 unable to move	R	ON	OFF	na	MB10 Actuator is in manual override or is unable to reach position.	No
BV:21	Alarm: MB10 6-Way actuator not connected or damaged	R	ON	OFF	na	The MB10 Actuator is not connected or is damaged. The SP90 will alarm if the temperature sensors register more than 1' difference to that which is expected.	No
BV:22	Warning: Temp. sensors are missing or interchanged	R	ON	OFF	na	Temp. sensors are missing or interchanged	No
BV:23	Warning: Energy limitation is active	R	ON	OFF	na	Limitation is active. E.g. Power limitation, min. delta T or min/max return T management limitation.	No
BV:24	Warning: Energy management controller out of range	R	ON	OFF	na	Power, delta T or return T setpoint out of range or the setpoint can't be achieved. Action: Check that setpoint is achievable with the given flow rates and temperatures.	No

## Device Object

## Selected important Device Object properties.

Property	Value	Read / Write	Description	Persistent Yes/No
Object ID	Instance Range: 0 to 4194302	R/W	This property is normally called Device Instance number or Unique ID.	Yes
Object-Name	Combination of "SP90" + Type and Object ID	R/W	Product name. Max. 25 characters.	Yes
Firmware revision	Current firmware version	R	BACnet software revision.	Yes
Application S/W version	Current Application SW version	R	Actuator Application Software version.	Yes
Location	This string is empty when actuator is new.	R/W	Free text can be used to describe location etc. Max. 50 characters.	Yes
Description	Schneider Electric SP90 actuator with BACnet MS/TP	R/W	Product description. Max. 50 characters.	Yes
Segmentation-supported	NO SEGMENTATION	R	Actuator does not support segmentation.	Yes
Max-master	Default: 127 Range: 0-127	R/W	The MAX_master setting in SP90 should be set to the number of devices (or the highest used MAC address) in the MS/TP sub network.	Yes

## Analog Input

Ident	Object / Parameter name	Unit	Read / Write	Min	Max	Default	Description	Persistent Yes/No
AI:0	Voltage or Current on analog input	Volts, mA	R	0	10V 20mA	Volts	Voltage(V) or Current(mA) level on the analog control input, measured by the actuator. Units comes from MSV:1 Analog Control signal type and range. This object is supported by COV. In 6 way change over and Inversed 6 way change over mode mA cannot be selected.	No
AI:1	T1 or resistance input	°C °F	R	-10°C 10°F	120°C 250°F	°C	Temperature/resistance measured from connected sensors. For Power emission AV:32, AI:1 is temperature on the flow pipe and AI:2 is temperature on the return pipe. When used as potential free contacts: Closed circuit <900Ω, open circuit 100kΩ. Recommended max. cable length 2m. Units can be changed via the object's engineering units property or via objects MSV:24 and MSV:25. The upper temperature limit for NTC 10k Type 2 sensors is 90°C/194°F. The upper temperature limit for NTC sensor 10k Type 3 is 95°C/203°F. This object is supported by COV.	No
AI:2	T2 or resistance input	Ohms		900Ω	10kΩ			

## Analog Output

Ident	Object / Parameter name	Unit	Read / Write	Min	Max	Default	Description	Persistent Yes/No
AO:0	Voltage on analog output	Volt	R/W	0	10	Volt	Output Voltage value in Digital and Analog mode MSV:9. Note: In MB10 Direct and inverse mode the present value is not writeable.	No

## Notification Class

Ident	Object / Parameter name	Description
NC:0	Alarm Notifier, Subscribe here for alarms	Subscribe devices for receiving alarms

NC:0 is an object where other BACnet devices can subscribe to be informed directly from this device if an alarm or warning is activated or cleared. A maximum of 4 devices can subscribe to this service. Subscribers of this object will be informed if any of the Warning or Alarms BV:10 to BV:21 is activated or cleared. When the notification class NC:0 is going to be used to notify about changes with status of Warnings and Alarms (BV:10 – BV:21), it is necessary to subscribe for notifications for the entire day and week: From 00:00:00:00 to 23:59:59:99 and all 7 days of the week. This is because the actuator does not have a clock built in and will therefore not be able to handle notifications with respect to time.

## Averaging

Ident	Object / Parameter name	Min. Value	Average value	Max. Value	Window Interval	Window Sample	Description
AVO:0	Average rectified voltage measured by the actuator	Updated according to actual measurements			1 Day	24	Average of the rectified voltage that powers the actuator.

## Valve Type Selection

**NOTE:** Values for flow are valid for water applications. For glycol mixtures, please use correction factor. It is very important to select the correct valve the actuator is mounted on.

Index	Part Number		Nominal Flow (l/h)	Valve stroke at nominal flow [mm]	Setting Range Max. (%)
	Without T/P Plugs	With T/P Plugs			
1	VP228E-10BQLNT	VP228E-10BQL	150	2.25	120
2	VP228E-10BQSNT	VP228E-10BQS	275		
3	VP228E-15BQLNT	VP228E-15BQL	275		
4	VP228E-15BQSNT	VP228E-15BQS	450		
5	VP229E-15BQHNT		1135	4.0	110
6	VP228E-20BQSNT	VP228E-20BQS	900	2.25	120
7	VP229E-20BQHNT		1700	4.0	110
8	VP229E-25BQSNT	VP229E-25BQS	1700	4.5	110
9	VP229E-25BQHNT		2724		
10	VP229E-32BQSNT	VP229E-32BQS	3200		
11	VP229E-32BQHNT		4000		
17	"User Defined Valve"		NF	VPNF	SRM

## BACnet BIBBS Services

Service	BIBBs	Init/Exe
ReadProperty	DS-RP-B	exe
WriteProperty	DS-WP-B	
Who-Is	DM-DDB-A	init
Who-Is	DM-DDB-B	exe
I-Am	DM-DDB-B	init
I-Am	DM-DDB-A	exe
Who-Has	DM-DOB-B	
I-Have	DM-DOB-B	init
DeviceCommunicationControl	DM-DCC-B	exe
ReinitializeDevice 1)	DM-RD-B	
ConfirmedEventNotification	AE-N-I-B	init
UnconfirmedEventNotification	AE-N-I-B	
AcknowledgeAlarm	AE-ACK-B	exe
GetEventInformation	AE-INFO-B	
GetAlarmSummary	AE-ASUM-B	
GetEnrollmentSummary	AE-ESUM-B	
AddListElement	DM-LM-B	
RemoveListElement	DM-LM-B	
ReadPropertyMultiple	DS-RPM-B	
WritePropertyMultiple	DS-WPM-B	
ChangeOfValue 2)	DS-COV-B	
Restart	DM-R-B	

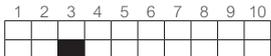
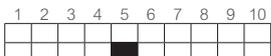
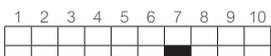
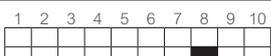
1 - SP90 supports BACnet warm reset (power cycle) and Cold reset (factory reset). Note that after Cold/factory reset a calibration will be automatically performed and all settings will be reverted to factory settings.

2 - COV is implemented for the following: Analog Inputs AI:0, AI:1 and AI:2, and for the following Analog Values AV:2 and AV:27.

## DIP Switch Settings

BACnet: Auto MAC addressing is default. For manual MAC addressing using DIP Switches, MSV:5 must be set to: DIP Switch Settings.

Modbus RTU: Manual MAC addressing is default. Automatic addressing is not available for Modbus RTU. However, if an address has been assigned in BACnet before switching to Modbus RTU, the address will also be used in Modbus RTU if the DIP Switched are left in the default positions.

DIP Switch	Configuration Name	OFF state (default)	ON state
1.  ON OFF	BACnet address / Modbus RTU unit ID bit 0	Logic '0'	Logic '1'
2.  ON OFF	BACnet address / Modbus RTU unit ID bit 1		
3.  ON OFF	BACnet address / Modbus RTU unit ID bit 2		
4.  ON OFF	BACnet address / Modbus RTU unit ID bit 3		
5.  ON OFF	BACnet address / Modbus RTU unit ID bit 4		
6.  ON OFF	BACnet address / Modbus RTU unit ID bit 5		
7.  ON OFF	BACnet address / Modbus RTU unit ID bit 6		
8.  ON OFF	Termination resistor (120Ω)	No termination	Termination resistor enabled 1)
9.  ON OFF	Not used		
10.  ON OFF	-	BACnet MS/TP 2)	Modbus RTU 2)

1 - The actuator possesses a resistor that can be activated in the last actuator on the bus for correct termination of the bus.

2 - When protocol is changed on DIP Switch no. 10, a power cycle is required to make the actuator adopt the newly selected protocol.

## Manual Addressing

BACnet MAC address/Modbus RTU Slave ID is set by DIP switch 1 to 7.

0 = OFF, 1 = ON

DIP switch 1, 2, 3, 4																DIP switch 5,6,7
0000	1000	0100	1100	0010	1010	0110	1110	0001	1001	0101	1101	0011	1011	0111	1111	
0*	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	000
16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	100
32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	010
48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	110
64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	001
80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	101
96	97	98	99	100	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110	111	011
112	113	114	115	116	117	118	119	120	121	122	123	124	125	126	127*	111

\* Addresses no. 0 and 127 must not be used.

Example 

Setting MAC address to 37:

DIP 1	DIP 2	DIP 3	DIP 4	DIP 5	DIP 6	DIP 7
ON	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF

## Modbus RTU Configuration Registers (Table 1)

Modbus/register	Read/Write	Modbus Function	Modbus Data Type	Object / Parameter name	Description	Default	Unit	Description of usage	Persistent Yes/No
0x8000 32768	R/W	3,4 & 16	FLOAT	Design Flow Rate	Note: It is recommended to use 32796 for heating and/or 32798 for cooling.  Pre-set value for the Design Flow Rate when control signal is at 100%. Unit follows 32787	Nominal value from the Valve table in L/hr	%, L/hr, GPM	Design Flow Rate in <b>Litres</b> per hour or in percent i.e. 150 ..450 correspond to 150 ...450 L/hr , or 20 ... 100 correspond to 20 ... 100%. The maximum setting range is depending on the selected valve type. See Valve Type Selection.	Yes
0x8002 32770	R/W	3,4 & 6	WORD	Control Fall-back Time	Time before actuator reacts to a missing analog control signal	10	Minutes	Control fallback Time in minutes, i.e.. 0 ... 60 correspond to 0 ... 60 minutes	Yes
0x8004 32772	R/W	3,4 & 16	FLOAT	Alpha Value	Value used for shaping the curve in Manual Defined Function (MDF) mode to fit the characteristics curve of a heat exchanger. If 33280 is in L/hr in Digital mode, the alpha setting is ignored.	1.0	na	Alpha Value curve, i.e. 0.05 ... 1.00 correspond to 0.05 ... 1.00. Alpha = 1.00 is linear. Alpha = 0.2 is equal to the LOG function. See Alpha value diagram.	Yes
0x8006 32774	R/W	3,4 & 16	WORD	Valve closing or opening time	The time the actuator needs to move from 0% to 100% of Design Flow Rate. Use with 32803.	na	Sec-onds	Valve closing or opening time in seconds i.e.. 18 ... 700 correspond to 18 ... 700 seconds	Yes
0x8008 32776	R	3,4 & 6	FLOAT	Nominal Flow of the user defined valve	Name and Nominal Flow of the User Defined Valve. This object is only used if the SP90 is not used with the <b>SpaceLogic</b> PIBC.V. Extreme care should be taken if the SP90 is not used on the Schneider Electric VP228E or VP229E valves.	na	L/hr	Nominal flow e.g. in <b>Litres</b> per hour i.e. 0 ... 450 correspond to 0 ... 450 L/hr	Yes
0x800A 32778	R	3 & 4	FLOAT	Valve position at nominal flow for User Defined Valve	Nominal flow position in mm for the User Defined Valve. This object is only used if the SP90 is not used with the <b>SpaceLogic</b> PIBC.V. Extreme care should be taken if the SP90 is not used on the Schneider Electric VP228E or VP229E valves.	4.00	Millimetre	Valve position for nominal flow in millimetre, i.e. 0.5 ... 5.8 correspond to 0.5 ... 5.8 millimetre	Yes
0x800C 32780	R/W	3,4 & 6	FLOAT	Maximum value for the Design Flow in the User Defined Valve	Maximum level the Design Flow can be increased to for the User Defined Valve This object is only used if the SP90 is not used with the <b>SpaceLogic</b> PIBC.V. Extreme care should be taken if the SP90 is not used on the Schneider Electric VP228E or VP229E valves.	100	Unit type follows 32787 selection: % or (L/hr or GPM)	i.e. 0 ..150 correspond to 0...150 %	Yes
0x8012 32786	R/W	3,4 & 6	WORD	Direct or Inverse operation Mode	Selection between Direct and Inverse operation mode. See Direct/Inverse diagram.	0: Direct	0: Direct 1: Inverse	Selection between Direct and Inverse operation mode. See Direct/Inverse diagram.	Yes
0x8013 32787	R/W	3,4 & 6	WORD	Units used to set and display the Design Flow	Units used to set and display the Design Flow Rate.	0: L/hr	0: L/hr 1: % 2: GPM	Units used to set and display the Design Flow.	Yes
0x8014 32788	R/W	3,4 & 6	WORD	Units used to set and display Flow Rate Setpoint	Units used to set and display Flow Rate Setpoint	1: %	0: L/hr 1: % 2: GPM 3: kW 4: kBTU/h	Engineering units used to set and display the desired Flow 33280. Note if kW or kBTU/h is chosen then 32815 Power Controller (State 3) also becomes active	Yes
0x8015 32789	R/W	3,4 & 6	WORD	Units used to set and display the Actual Flow Rate feedback	Units used to set and display the Actual Flow Rate feedback	0: L/hr	0: L/hr 1: % 2: GPM	Engineering units used for 33282	Yes
0x8016 32790	R/W	3,4 & 6	WORD	Units used to set temperature	Select between °C or °F to set and display temperature	0: °C	0: °C 1: °F	Engineering units for 33796, 32836, 32838, 32840, 32842	Yes
0x8017 32791	R/W	3,4 & 6	WORD	Units used to set and display T1	Units used to read the temperature or resistance value.	0: °C	0: °C 1: °F 2: Ohm	Engineering units used for 33218	Yes

## Modbus RTU Configuration Registers (Table 1 con't)

Modbus/register	Read/Write	Modbus Function	Modbus Data Type	Object / Parameter name	Description	Default	Unit	Description of usage	Persistent Yes/No
0x8018 32792	R/W	3,4 & 6	WORD	Units used to set and display T2	Units used to read the temperature or resistance value.	0: °C	0: °C 1: °F 2: Ohm	Engineering units used for 33220	Yes
0x8019 32793	R/W	3,4 & 6	WORD	Units used to set Power	Units used to read the power usage.	0: kW	0: kW, 1: BTU/h	Engineering units for 33288	Yes
0x801A 32794	R/W	3,4 & 6	WORD	Endian type	Word ordering for LONG and FLOAT types	0: Big	0: Big 1: Little	Used endian type for float and long registers	Yes
0x801C 32796	R/W	3,4 & 16	FLOAT	Heating Design Flow Rate	Pre-set value for the Design Flow Rate when the control signal is at 100%. 32811 must be set to Heating. Unit follows 32787	Nominal value from the Valve table in L/hr	%, L/hr, GPM	Design Flow Rate in <b>Litres</b> per hour i.e. 150 ..450 correspond to 150 ...450 L/hr or in percent, i.e. 20 ... 100 correspond to 20 ... 100% The maximum setting range is depending on the selected valve type. See Valve Type Selection	Yes
0x801E 32798	R/W	3,4 & 16	FLOAT	Cooling Design Flow Rate	Pre-set value for the Design Flow Rate when the control signal is at 100%. 32811 must be set to Cooling. Unit follows 32787	Nominal value from the Valve table in L/hr	%, L/hr, GPM	Design Flow Rate in <b>Litres</b> per hour i.e. 150 ..450 correspond to 150 ...450 L/hr or in percent, i.e. 20 ... 100 correspond to 20 ... 100% The maximum setting range is depending on the selected valve type. See Valve Type Selection	Yes

## Modbus RTU Configuration Registers (Table 2)

Modbus register	Read/Write	Modbus function	Modbus Data Type	Object / Parameter name	Description	Default	Description of usage	Persistent Yes/No
0x8020 32800	R/W	3,4 & 6	WORD	Analog Control signal type and range	Used to select the analog control signal input type and range	2: 0-10 VDC	Select 1, 2 or... based on the table below: 1: 0-5 VDC 2: 0-10 VDC 3: 2-10 VDC 4: 5-10 VDC 5: 2-6 VDC 6: 6-10 VDC 7: 0-20 mA 8: 4-20 mA	Yes
0x8021 32801	R/W	3,4 & 6	WORD	Missing Control Signal Fallback Action	The action that the actuator will commence upon a missing analog control signal.	1: No action	Select 1, 2 or... based on the table below: 1: No action 2: CLOSE 3: OPEN 4: Go to 50% of Design Flow Rate	Yes
0x8022 32802	R/W	3,4 & 6	WORD	Selected Valve Type	This is the PIBCV valve type that the actuator is set-up to control	4. PIBCV DN15 STD FLOW	See table Valve Type Selection	Yes
0x8023 32803	R/W	3,4 & 6	WORD	Actuator Speed	The amount of time the actuator takes to move 1mm or alternatively, a specified constant time function (see 32774). The Constant Time value range is 18-700 seconds.	4: 24 sec/mm	Select 1, 2 or... based on the table below: 1: 3 sec/mm 2: 6 sec/mm 3: 12 sec/mm 4: 24 sec/mm 5: Constant Time (set by register 0x8006)	Yes
0x8024 32804	R/W	3,4 & 6	WORD	Baud Rate	Baud Rate used for bus communication	1: Auto Baud Rate Detection	Select 1, 2 or... based on the table below: 1: Auto Baud Rate Detection 2: 9600 bps 3: 19200 bps 4: 38400 bps 5: 57600 bps 6: 76800 bps 7: 115200 bps	Yes
0x8025 32805	R/W	3,4 & 6	WORD	Select UART mode	Supported transmission modes	5: Auto parity	Select 1, 2, 3 or 4 based on the table below: 1: 1-8-N-2 2: 1-8-O-1 3: 1-8-E-1 4: 1-8-N-1 5: Auto parity Data format: (Start bit-Data bits-Parity-Stop bits)	Yes
0x8026 32806	R/W	3,4 & 6	WORD	Slave ID	Slave ID used for communication.	na	Slave ID used for communication	Yes

## Modbus RTU Configuration Registers (Table 2 con't)

Modbus register	Read/Write	Modbus function	Modbus Data Type	Object / Parameter name	Description	Default	Description of usage	Persistent Yes/No
0x8027 32807	R/W	3,4 & 6	WORD	Slave ID assignment method	The Slave ID address selection method.	1: DIP Switch Settings	1: DIP Switch Settings 2: User configuration over Modbus If DIP Switches are in an invalid position the actuator will automatically check if a Slave ID is present in the User Configuration.	Yes
0x8028 32808	R/W	3,4 & 6	WORD	BUS protocol	Select field bus protocol to be used. See also the DIP Switch Settings section of the product manual. When the protocol is changed, a power cycle is required to make the actuator adopt the newly selected protocol.	1: DIP switch	Select 1, 2 or 3 based on the table below: 1: DIP switch 2: BACnet 3: Modbus	Yes
0x8029 32809	R/W	3,4 & 6	WORD	LED Control	Used to select the LED display required.	1: Normal LED mode	Select 1, 2 or... based on the table below: 1: Normal LED mode 2: Show alarms only 3: All LED's OFF 4: Blink (can be used to locate the actuator)	Yes
0x802A 32810	R/W	3,4 & 6	WORD	Application mode	1: Analog control 2: Digital control 3: 6 way change over mode 3: 6 way change over mode 4: Inverted 6 way change over mode 5: 6 way change over without alarms 6: Inverted 6 way change over without alarms 7: Analog 6 way change over mode 8: Analog inverted 6 way change over mode	2: Digital	Select the actuator application mode. State 1: Analog Control. Flow is controlled with an analog signal e.g. 0-10V. Design Flow Rate set via register 32796 Heating and/or 32798 Cooling. Alternative 32738 can be used. State 2: Digital Control. Register 33280 is used to control the flow. Design Flow Rate set via register 32796 Heating and/or 32798 Cooling. Alternative 32738 can be used. State 3: 6 way change over mode. Register 33280 is used to control the flow. Heating Design Flow Rate set via register 32796 and register 32798 for Cooling Design Flow Rate. Heating is connected to the 6 way change over valve to ports 5 & 6 and cooling to ports 1 & 4. State 4: Inverted mode. Register 33280 is used to control the flow. Heating Design Flow Rate set via register 32796 and 32798 for Cooling Design Flow Rate. Ports are inverted in relation to State 3. State 5: without alarms. Register 33280 is used to control the flow. Heating Design Flow Rate set via register 32796 and 32798 for Cooling Design Flow Rate. This state may be used if the Analog Input is required to be used other than feedback. Be aware that in this state the status for the valve is not shown. State 6: Inverted without alarms. Register 33280 is used to control the flow. Heating Design Flow Rate set via register 32796 and 32798 for Cooling Design Flow Rate. Ports are inverted in relation to State 3. This state may be used if the Analog Input is required to be used other than feedback. Be aware that in this state the status for the valve is not shown. State 7: Analog mode. The flow is controlled from the Room controller via the analog input signal. Heating Design Flow Rate set via register 32796 and 32798 for Cooling Design Flow Rate. Register 32786 is in this case used to switch the control signal. Be aware that in this state the status for the valve is not shown. State 8: Analog inverted mode. The flow is controlled from the Room controller via the analog input signal. Heating Design Flow Rate set via register 32796 and 32798 for Cooling Design Flow Rate. In this state the Cooling and heating is connected opposite of state 7. When changing to this state the values in register 32848-32854 are reversed. Register 32786 is in this case used to switch the control signal. Be aware that in this state the status for the MB10 change over valve is not shown.	Yes

Modbus register	Read/Write	Modbus function	Modbus Data Type	Object / Parameter name	Description	Default	Description of usage	Persistent Yes/No
0x802B 32811	R/W	3,4 & 6	WORD	Application command & status	1: Heating 2: Cooling 3: Shut Off 1) 4: Start exercise 5: Moving towards Cooling 6: Moving towards Heating 7: Alarm 8: Exercising	1: Heating	States 1 to 4 are commands for the MB10 Change Over Actuator and impact Energy management Application register 32815. States 5 to 8 are feedback from the MB10 Change Over Actuator State 3, shut-off mode may only be used for maintenance and is only possible when the Flow Rate Set- point is 0%. In Central Change Over applications, state 1 and 2 are used to command heating or cooling.	Yes
0x802C 32812	R/W	3,4 & 6	WORD	MB10 Auto exercise	1: ON 2: OFF	1: ON	1: ON: The MB10 will move the VB601R from current position to shut off and back again once per week to maintain free movement. 2: OFF: Exercising the valve should be handled by BMS.	Yes
0x802E 32814	R/W	3,4 & 6	WORD	Energy counter activation	1: Off 2: On	1: Off	Enable or disable energy counter	Yes
0x802F 32815	R/W	3,4 & 6	WORD	Energy Management	1: Not active Power Manager: 2: Power limitation 3: Power control Delta T Manager: 4: Min. Delta T limitation 5: Set Delta T control 6: Return T limitation 7: Set Return T control	1. Not used	Activate functions to optimize system performance. The Energy functions have a limitation at min. 10% of the design flow, except the function Power control that has a limitation at min. 2% of the design flow, regardless of the alpha value. If needed the PI values can be fine tuned in register 32856 and 32858. State 1: Not active. State 2: If power is above the set value in register 32832 or register 32834, SP90 will regulate to the specified limit register 32832 and/or 32834. When this limitation is active, the warning bit 23 in register 33536 will be set to 'on'. State 3: The flowrate through the valve is controlled by register 33280 in %, kW or kBTU/h (selected in 32793) and is based on the flowrate and temperature inputs. State 4: If delta T value in register 32836 and/or 32838 is exceeded, SP90 will begin to close the valve until the register 32836 and/or 32838 values are reached. When this limitation is active, the warning bit 23 in register 33536 will be set to 'on'. State 5: The constant delta T is set in register 32836 and/or 32838 and SP90 will regulate within these limits. When this limitation is active, the warning bit 23 in register 33536 will be set to 'on'. State 6: SP90 ensures the min. or max. return temp. T2 set in 32840 & 32842. In register 32811 Heating/cooling application must be selected. When this limitation is active, the warning bit 23 in register 33536 will be set to 'on'. State 7: A constant T2 value is set in 32840 and/or 32842. SP90 will regulate to maintain these values constant.	Yes
0x8030 32816	R/W	3,4 & 6	WORD	Units used to set Energy counter	Units used to set energy counter	0: kWh	Engineering Units used for 33290 & 33292. Units: 0: kWh, 1: MJ, 2: kBTU	Yes
0x8031 32817	R/W	3,4 & 6	WORD	Analog feedback signal	Set analog output according to valve position	0: Inactive	0: Inactive 1: Active - By activating this feature, the analog output signal (33286) and the position of the valve opening become linked. The voltage output type and range is linked to the 32800 present value. This feature may be used for FCU fan control for example and is only made available when 32810 Application Mode are in State 1: Analog control or State 2: Digital control. If 32817 is active and the analog output signal (33286) must be written to manually, it is necessary to change the setting of 32817 to inactive.	Yes
0x8033 32819	R/W	3,4 & 6	WORD	Temperature sensor type	Select the type of Temperature sensor connected.	3: PT1000	Select temperature sensor type: 1: NTC10k Type 2 2: NTC10k Type 3 3: PT1000	Yes
0x804C 32844	R/W	3,4 & 16	FLOAT	Glycol Factor	Glycol correction factor	1	Select appropriate factor from 0.5-2 if a glycol mixture is used.	Yes
0x8050 32848	R/W	3,4 & 16	FLOAT	Analog 6 way change over Heating point 100%	Signal point for Analog mode	0	The control signal for heating 100% open when register 32810 = State 7 or 8. Overlapping heating and cooling control curves are not accepted.	Yes

## Modbus RTU Configuration Registers (Table 2 con't)

Modbus register	Read/Write	Modbus function	Modbus Data Type	Object / Parameter name	Description	Default	Description of usage	Persistent Yes/No
0x8052 32850	R/W	3,4 & 16	FLOAT	Analog 6 way change over Heating point 0%	Signal point in Analog change over mode	3	The control signal for heating 0% open when register 32810 = State 7 or 8. Overlapping heating and cooling control curves are not accepted.	Yes
0x8054 32852	R/W	3,4 & 16	FLOAT	Analog 6 way change over Cooling point 0%	Signal point in Analog change over mode	7	The control signal for cooling 0% open when register 32810 = State 7 or 8. Overlapping heating and cooling control curves are not accepted.	Yes
0x8056 32854	R/W	3,4 & 16	FLOAT	Analog 6 way change over Cooling point 100%	Signal point in Analog change over mode	10	The control signal for cooling 100% open when register 32810 = State 7 or 8. Overlapping heating and cooling control curves are not accepted.	Yes
0x8058 32856	R/W	3,4 & 16	FLOAT	Control- Gain P	Set proportional part for control	7	Sets the proportional part for control of register 32815 Energy management functions.	Yes
0x805A 32858	R/W	3,4 & 16	FLOAT	Control- Gain I	Set integral part for control	0.35	Sets the integral part for control of register 32815 Energy management functions. I parameter in sec. = (Pgain / Igain) * 2 sec. Default: 7/0.35 * 2sec. = 40 sec.	Yes
0x8500 34048	W	6	WORD	Reset	Warm reset = Power cycle. Cold reset = Factory reset. Note that after factory reset a calibration will be automatically be performed and all settings will be reverted to factory settings.	na	0x5741 / 22337: Warm reset 0x434F / 17231: Cold reset.	na

## Modbus RTU Operating Registers

Modbus register	Read/Write	Modbus Function	Data Type	Object / Parameter name	Description	Default	Unit	Description of usage	Persistent Yes/No
0x8040 32832	R/W	3,4 & 16	FLOAT	Heating max. Power	Pre-set value for the design power, in heating mode, when control signal is at 100%	0	kW, kBTU/h	When using register 32815 state Power limiter this is the maximum allowed hydronic energy output. This value is intended to limit the heating power through the terminal unit. i.e. 0.00 ... 10.00 correspond to 0.00 ... 10.00 kW	Yes
0x8042 32834	R/W	3,4 & 16	FLOAT	Cooling max. power	Pre-set value for the design power, in cooling mode, when control signal is at 100%	0	kW, kBTU/h	When using register 32815 state Power limiter this is the maximum allowed hydronic energy output. This value is intended to limit the cooling power through the terminal unit. i.e. 0.00 ... 10.00 correspond to 0.00 ... 10.00 kW	Yes
0x8044 32836	R/W	3,4 & 16	FLOAT	Heating Delta T	Set-point value for the temperature difference between the flow and return pipes	15	°C or °F	For register 32815 state Minimum Delta T management and Set Delta T control, this is the value the control is based on for heating. i.e. 5 ... 50 correspond to 5°C ... 50°C	Yes
0x8046 32838	R/W	3,4 & 16	FLOAT	Cooling Delta T	Set-point value for the temperature difference between the flow and return pipes	5	°C or °F	For register 32815 state Minimum Delta T management and Set Delta T control, this is the value the control is based on for cooling. i.e. 5 ... 50 correspond to 5°C ... 50°C	Yes
0x8048 32840	R/W	3,4 & 16	FLOAT	Heating T2	Set-point value for Heating T2 (Heating return pipe temperature)	35	°C or °F	For register 32815 state Max. Return T management and Set return T control, this is the value the control is based on for heating. i.e. 5 ... 50 correspond to 5°C ... 50°C	Yes
0x804A 32842	R/W	3,4 & 16	FLOAT	Cooling T2	Set-point value for Cooling T2 (Cooling return pipe temperature)	13	°C or °F	For register 32815 state Min. Return T management and Set return T control, this is the value the control is based on for cooling. i.e. 5 ... 50 correspond to 5°C ... 50°C	Yes

## Modbus RTU Operating Registers

Modbus register	Read/Write	Modbus Function	Data Type	Object / Parameter name	Description	Default	Unit	Description of usage	Persistent Yes/No
0x8200 33280	R/W	3,4 & 16	FLOAT	Flow Rate Setpoint	The Flow Rate Setpoint through the PIBCV valve. Unit follows 32788	100%	%, L/h, GPM, kW, kBTU/h	Flow Rate Setpoint in percent, i.e.0 ... 100 correspond to 0 ... 100%	No
0x8202 33282	R	3 & 4	FLOAT	Flow Rate feedback	Flow Rate Indication based on the position of the Actuator stem. Unit follows 32789	na	%, L/h, GPM	Flow Rate feedback in percent, i.e. 0 ... 100 correspond to 0 ... 100%. If L/h (GPM) is selected in 32787 then the valve flow rate is set to the selected valve's 32776 maximum value. Otherwise 100%	No
0x8204 33284	R/W	3,4 & 6	WORD	Actuator Mode and special features	Shows present mode of actuator. Calibration, Flush and de-air may be started from here	1: Normal	na	Select 1, 2 or... based on the table below: 1: Normal 2: Calibration 3: Flush 4: De-Air 5: Alarm	Yes, except state 3,4 & 5
0x8206 33286	R/W	3,4 & 16	FLOAT	Voltage on analog output	Output Voltage value in Digital and Analog mode 32810. Note: In direct or Inverse 6-way Change over mode the present value is not writeable	na	Volts	Voltage level i.e. 0.00 ... 10.00 correspond to 0.00 ... 10.00 V	No
0x8208 33288	R/W	3,4 & 16	FLOAT	Power emission	The hydronic power emission of the terminal unit, based on calculations from water flow rate and the temperature difference between supply (33218) and return (33220) pipes. Positive values reflect heating power emission. Negative values reflect cooling power emission. Units can be changed via the object's engineering units property.	na	kW, kBTU/h	Power in kW or kBTU/h. If register 32844 Glycol correction is used, Power emission will be adjusted accordingly. i.e. -1000.00 ... 1000.00 correspond to -1000.00 ... 1000.00 kW or in kBTU/h, i.e. -1000.00 ... 1000.00 correspond to -1000.00 ... 1000.00 kBTU/h	No
0x820A 33290	R/W	3,4 & 16	FLOAT	Heating Energy counter	Energy counter for heating	na	kWh, MJ, kBTU	Accumulative Energy counter for heating. i.e. 0.00 ... 1000.00 correspond to 0.00 ... 1000.00 kWh. If register 32844 Glycol correction is used, Heating Energy Counter emission will be adjusted accordingly. Activated/Deactivated via register 32814.	Yes
0x820C 33292	R/W	3,4 & 16	FLOAT	Cooling Energy counter	Energy counter for cooling	na	kWh, MJ, kBTU	Accumulative Energy counter for cooling. i.e. 0.00 ... 1000.00 correspond to 0.00 ... 1000.00 kWh. If register 32844 Glycol correction is used, Cooling Energy Counter emission will be adjusted accordingly. Activated/Deactivated via register 32814.	Yes
0x820E 33294	R/W	3 & 4	FLOAT	Position feedback	Position of the Actuator stem in percentage	na	%	Design Flow Rate feedback in percentage, 0...100 correspond to 0...100%	No

## Modbus RTU Information Registers

Modbus register	Read/Write	Modbus Function	Modbus Data Type	Object / Parameter name	Description	Default	Unit	Description of usage	Persistent Yes/No
0x8100 33024	R	3 & 4	FLOAT	Nominal flow of the selected valve type	Nominal flow of the selected valve type	450	L/hr or GPM	Nominal flow e.g. in Litres per hour i.e. 0 ...450 correspond to 0 ...450 L/hr.	na
0x8102 33026	R	3 & 4	FLOAT	Valve position at nominal flow	Position in mm for nominal flow of the selected valve	na	Millimetre	Valve position for nominal flow in millimetre, i.e.. 0.5 ... 5.8 correspond to 0.5 ... 5.8 millimetre.	na
0x8104 33028	R	3 & 4	FLOAT	Maximum value of the Design Flow Rate	Maximum level the Design Flow Rate can be increased to for the selected valve	Setting Range Maximum from Valve Table	%	Maximum level of the Design Flow Rate e.g. in Litres per hour i.e. 0 ...450 correspond to 0 ...450 L/hr.	na
0x8108 33032	R	3 & 4	LONG	Product ID	Serial number of the actuator	na	na	Unique Product id. The last part of the serial number.	Yes
0x810A 33034	R	3 & 4	WORD	SW version	Software version of the actuator	na	na	ASCII coded WORD	Yes
0x810B 33035	R	3 & 4	WORD	HW version	Hardware version of the actuator	na	na	ASCII coded WORD	Yes
0x8120 33056	R/W	3 & 4	STRING	Device name	Product name	SP90 S	na	ASCII coded STRING	Yes
0x8140 33088	R	3 & 4	STRING	Model name	Type of the actuator	6 way change over	na	ASCII coded STRING	Yes
0x8160 33120	R	3 & 4	STRING	Vendor name	Name of the Manufacture	Schneider Electric	na	ASCII coded STRING	Yes
0x8180 33152	R/W	3, 4 & 16	STRING	Location description	Free text can be used to describe location etc. E.g. Room 1	na	na	ASCII coded STRING. Max. 50 characters.	Yes
0x81A0 33184	R	3 & 4	STRING	Serial number	Serial number of the actuator	na	1	Description of this object holds the serial number of the actuator, programmed at the production time.	Yes
0x81C0 33216	R	3 & 4	FLOAT	Voltage or Current on analog input	Voltage(V) or Current(mA) level on the analog control input, measured by the actuator. In 6 way change over mode, mA cannot be selected.	na	Volt / mA	Voltage level measured i.e. 0.00 ... 10.00 correspond to 0.00 ... 10.00 V or in mA, i.e. 0.00 ... 20.00 correspond to 0.00 ... 20.00 mA	No
0x81C2 33218	R	3 & 4	FLOAT	T1 or resistance input	Temperature/resistance measured from connected PT1000 sensors. For Power emission 33288, 33218 is temperature on the flow pipe and 33220 is temperature on the return pipe.	°C	°C, °F, Ohm	Temperature measured in °C i.e. -10°C ...120°C or resistance measured i.e. 900Ω ... 10kΩ. The upper temperature limit for NTC 10K Type 2 sensors is 90°C / 194°F. The upper temperature limit for NTC 10K Type 3 sensors is 95°C / 203°F. When used as potential free contacts: Closed circuit <900Ω, open circuit 100kΩ. Recommended max. cable length 2m for energy application	No
0x81C4 33220	R	3 & 4	FLOAT	T2 or resistance input	Temperature/resistance measured from connected PT1000 sensors. For Power emission 33288, 33218 is temperature on the flow pipe and 33220 is temperature on the return pipe.	°C	°C, °F, Ohm	Temperature measured in °C i.e. -10°C ...120°C or resistance measured i.e. 900Ω ... 10kΩ. The upper temperature limit for NTC 10K Type 2 sensors is 90°C / 194°F. The upper temperature limit for NTC 10K Type 3 sensors is 95°C / 203°F. When used as potential free contacts: Closed circuit <900Ω, open circuit 100kΩ. Recommended max. cable length 2m for energy application	No
0x8402 33794	R	3 & 4	FLOAT	Rectified voltage measured by the actuator	Measured rectified voltage which powers the actuator	na	Volts	Rectified voltage which powers the actuator. Too low voltage: 16.1 ... 17.5V Too high voltage: 38.3 ... 43.4V	No
0x8404 33796	R	3 & 4	FLOAT	Temperature in the actuator	Temperature measured inside the Actuator	na	na	Temperature measured inside the actuator. Unit is decided by 32790	No

## Modbus RTU Information Registers (con't)

Modbus register	Read/Write	Modbus Function	Modbus Data Type	Object / Parameter name	Description	Default	Unit	Description of usage	Persistent Yes/No
0x8406 33798	R	3 & 4	LONG	Total Operating Hours	Total Operating Hours of the actuator	Hours	Hours	Total Operating Hours of the Actuator	Yes
0x8408 33800	R	3 & 4	LONG	Lifetime estimate	Calculated percentage of expended lifetime	%	na	At 100%, the valve and actuator have reached the estimated minimum lifetime, Replacement of valve and actuator recommended	Yes
0x8410 33808	R	3 & 4	LONG	Minutes since last power-up	Minutes since the last power-up of the actuator	Minutes	Minutes	Minutes since the last power-up of the actuator	No
0x8412 33810	R	3 & 4	LONG	Minutes since last calibration	Minutes since the last time the actuator was calibrated to the PIBCV valve	Minutes	Minutes	Minutes since the last time the actuator was calibrated to a valve	Yes
0x8414 33812	R	3 & 4	LONG	Minutes since fully closed	Minutes since the last time the PIBCV valve was fully closed	Minutes	Minutes	Minutes since the last time the valve was fully closed	Yes
0x8416 33814	R	3 & 4	LONG	Minutes Since Fully Opened	Minutes since the last time the PIBCV valve was fully opened	Minutes	Minutes	Minutes since the last time the valve was fully opened	Yes

## Modbus Alarms &amp; Warnings

## Alarms

Modbus register	Read/Write	Modbus Function	Modbus Data Type	Object / Parameter name	Description	Default	Description of usage	Persistent Yes/No
0x8300 33536	R	3&4	LONG	No Control Signal	The actuator has detected that it has no analog control signal	0: OFF	Bit 0: 0:OFF; 1:ON	No
0x8300 33536	R	3&4	LONG	Error during Closing	Actuator can't completely close the PIBCV valve	0: OFF	Bit 1: 0:OFF; 1:ON	No
0x8300 33536	R	3&4	LONG	Error during Calibration	There was an error during calibration of the actuator	0: OFF	Bit 2: 0:OFF; 1:ON	No
0x8300 33536	R	3&4	LONG	An internal Error has been detected	Re-calibrate or power cycle actuator to reset - actuator replacement may be necessary	0: OFF	Bit 3: 0:OFF; 1:ON	No
0x8300 33536	R	3&4	LONG	6 way change over in manual override or 6 way change over unable to move	MB10 6-Way change over Actuator is in manual override or is unable to reach position. When the reason for the alarm is removed it may take up to 2 minutes before the alarm is cleared.	0: OFF	Bit 4: 0:OFF; 1:ON	No
0x8300 33536	R	3&4	LONG	6 way change over actuator not connected or damaged	The MB10 6-Way change over Actuator is not connected or is damaged.	0: OFF	Bit 5: 0:OFF; 1:ON	No
0x8300 33536	R	3&4	LONG	Temp. sensors are missing or interchanged	Temp. sensors are missing or interchanged	0: OFF	Bit 6: 0: OFF; 1:ON	No
0x8300 33536	R	3&4	LONG	Temperature of Actuator is out of recommended range	The temperature inside the actuator is out of the recommended range	0: OFF	Bit 16: 0:OFF; 1:ON	No
0x8300 33536	R	3&4	LONG	Pre-Set conflict	Warning: Conflict between the Mechanical PIBCV valve setting and the SP90. The mechanical valve setting must be 100% or above. The warning will also be activated if the Selected Valve Type has different stroke than the actual valve used. Validated during calibration.	0: OFF	Bit 17: 0:OFF; 1:ON	No

## Warnings

Modbus register	Read/Write	Modbus Function	Modbus Data Type	Object / Parameter name	Description	Default	Description of usage	Persistent Yes/No
0x8300 33536	R	3&4	LONG	Voltage of power supply is too high	Voltage of power supply is measured to be too high. When the measured voltage exceeds 43.4V the alarm will be turned ON for too high voltage. When the measured voltage is below 38.3V the alarm will be turned OFF	0: OFF	Bit 18: 0:OFF; 1:ON	No
0x8300 33536	R	3&4	LONG	Voltage of power supply is too low	Voltage of power supply is measured to be too low. When the measured voltage level drops below 16.5V the alarm will be activated for too low voltage. When the measured voltage level drops below 16.1V the motor will also be turned off. When the measured voltage is once more above 17.5V the motor will be activated	0: OFF	Bit 19: 0:OFF; 1:ON	No
0x8300 33536	R	3&4	LONG	Faults on communication was detected	Problems with Communication on network detected	0: OFF	Bit 21: 0:OFF; 1:ON	No
0x8300 33536	R	3&4	LONG	Invalid Slave ID setting	Slave ID assignment was done incorrectly to either 0 or 127	0: OFF	Bit 22: 0:OFF; 1:ON	No
0x8300 33536	R	3&4	LONG	Energy limitation is active	Limitation is active. E.g. Power limitation, min. delta T or min/max return T management limitation.	0: OFF	Bit 23: 0: OFF; 1:ON	No
0x8300 33536	R	3&4	LONG	Energy management controller out of range	Power, delta T or return T setpoint is out of range or the setpoint cannot be achieved. Action: Check that setpoint is achievable with the given flow rates and temperatures.	0: OFF	Bit 24: 0: OFF; 1:ON	No

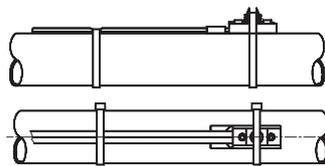
## Temperature Sensors

Temperature sensors are utilized for the calculation of heat energy. The sensor unit consists of a platinum element, the resistance value of which changes proportionally with the temperature.

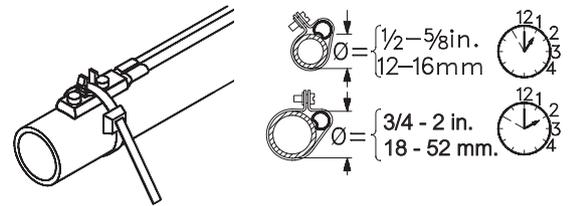
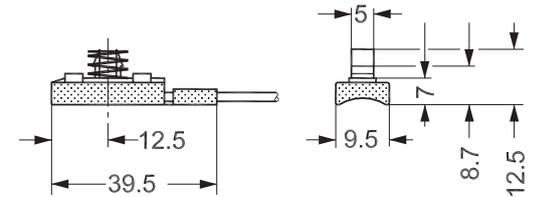
### Pt 1000 ohm sensor (1000 ohm at 0°C)

The sensor is adjusted and meets the tolerance requirements of EN 60751 Class B. The accuracy of temperature measurement is approximately 0.5° in typical operating range. It is unlikely that during calculation of ΔT deviation of both sensors would be summed up. Therefore, it is estimated that ΔT measurement accuracy is 0.5° when the sensors are mounted correctly.

R (Typ.) Ohm	Temp. °C	Temp. °F	Tolerance. °C
1117	30	86	0.45
1078	20	68	0.40
1039	10	50	0.35
1000	0	32	0.30
961	-10	14	0.35
922	-20	-4	0.40
882	-30	-22	0.45



**Surface temperature sensor (mm)**  
Note: Surface temperature dimension differs slightly in North America



Cable ties of between 4.5mm and 5mm width will fit between the spring forks.

## Troubleshooting

### BACnet Fieldbus check:

It is possible to check the fieldbus state by examining error messaging related to the actuator in order to verify communication and detect early potential fieldbus related problems. This is done by the object values AV:15 to AV:19.

### Quality of the BACnet network:

An important thing for good operation of the actuator is a well functioning network. Some values that tell you about the quality of the network can be found in the objects AV:15 to AV:19. The most important values are AV:17 Server Error Count and AV:19 Server Timeout Error. These two values should be much lower than AV:15, AV:16 and AV:18. As a general rule, it is important that AV:17 and AV:19 are not constantly increasing their count.

### Quality of power supply

The object / register AV:6 / 33794 may be used to check if the power supply and cabling, used to supply the actuator with power, is according to specification requirements. The present value of AV:6 / 33794 represents the current voltage measured inside the actuator. This is the voltage that the actuator monitors at all times and subsequently reacts on if outside the recommended range. See in the table below how the actuator reacts at different voltage levels.

Voltage (Present value of AV:6 / 33794)	Reaction
Voltage below 16.5V	Start alarm indication with LED. Initiate and alarm BV: 15 / 33536 Bit 19 and that the supply voltage is too low.
Voltage below 16.1V	Motor is stopped. The LEDs indicating alarm and actuator still initiating alarm BV:15/ 33535 Bit 19 if the voltage hasn't dropped too low.
When voltage rises above 17.5V again	Motor can run again. LED alarm indication stops and returns to normal operation. Alarm BV:15 / 33536 Bit 19 returns to normal operation.
When voltage rises above 43.4V	Start alarm indication with LED. Initiate an alarm BV:14 / 33536 Bit 18.
When voltage drops below 38.3V again	LED alarm indication stops and returns to normal operation. Alarm BV:14 / 33536 Bit 18 returns to normal operation.

Note: the voltage level will be constantly changing depending on the operational activity of the entire group of actuators and other devices connected. The supply voltage will go up and down in value if:

- Power supply is not strong and stable
- If long cables are used in a daisy chain setup
- A higher number of actuators running at the same time will reduce the supply voltage (for the last devices on a daisy chain cable, in particular).

The actuator's voltages are considered to be OK when all values of AV:6 / 33794 are above 18V, when all actuators are moving the motor/running.

To ensure voltage in each device is OK under worst case operational conditions, the following is recommended:

- Run all the actuators on the daisy chain cable at the same time. While all are running, check each value of AV:6 / 32794. These values should still be above 18V and no previously mentioned voltage level alarms should be initiated or indicated. If LEDs indicate an alarm state or a BACnet/Modbus RTU alarm is initiated, or a value less than 18V is observed, then cabling should be reviewed.
- Check the values of AVO:0. This BACnet object holds 3 values: Average measured voltage, Maximum measured voltage and Minimum measured voltage. The most important value here is the Minimum measured voltage. It can tell you the lowest voltage that has been measured during operation of the actuator.

### Immersed/universal temperature sensor

